Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

PATTISON may summarily dismiss Higbee for gross neglect of duty.

SENATOR JONES' love affair seems to unduly agitate many of our exchanges.

THE President considers it very wicked for the papers to discuss his coming marriage.

A BUILDING is to be erected in Washington for the accommodation of the President's numerous private papers.

ACCORDING to the doctrine of the survival of the fittest, the tailors and dressmakers will outlive all other trades people,

COL. A. K. MCCLURE, editor of the Philadelphia *Times*, receives $10,000 a year salary, and his stock yields him $30,000 a year.

THE report of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company shows a reduction of operating expenses with increased traffic as compared with the preceding year.

HIGHBEE, oh Highbee, you are one of the most intellectual men in the State, but can you maintain your position before a Governor and an indignant people?

DR. HIGBEE says that the Governor has treated him discourteously in not permitting him to offer a defense, and appeals to the Legislature for an investigation. It is but fair that the Governor shall submit to this.

THE Williamsport *Sun and Banner* is offering a prize for the best fish story. A newspaper that can't print a good fish story at this season, even without offering a prize, isn't worth much. All that is necessary is to talk for a half hour with the average fisherman.

A GENERAL massacre of the Europeans in the capital of Harrar, in East Africa, is reported, the members of the Italian scientific corps being mentioned as among the victims. Harrar is a large fortified town, inhabited by Mohammedans, and they and their Emir have no faith in the Europeans that visit them either in the cause of religion, science or commerce.

THE people of Canada have to carry a debt of fifty dollars per capita, being more than twice the per capita of the United States. And yet Canada has had no great war on her hand, and probably would not have fought it out if she had. We have many reasons for shame in the venality of bad men in public office, but such fools as have governed Canada could not hold office on this side of the St. Lawrence.

THEY have got up quite a scare in Cleveland, Ohio, over the appearance of a blue fog for several mornings in succession. The phenomenon is said to have always preceded cholera epidemics, and local scientists say the conditions which produce the fog are favorable to the spread of the disease. If the scare has the effect of spurring the health authorities up to putting the the city into the best possible sanitary condition, it may prove to be a good thing.

A GOOD many people will be surprised to learn that the biggest building in the United States will be the city hall of Philadelphia, now in process of construction. Between eleven and twelve millions of dollars have been expended upon it since 1872. It is estimated to cover 2,80[illegible] more square feet than the capitol at Washington. The tower on the north side will be surmounted by a statue of Penn, and its extreme height when completed will be 535 feet. It has now reached a height of 270 feet.

PRINCE BISMARCK still has the Polish question to worry him in the Reichstag. He said the other day in defense of his policy, that he is not an enemy of the Polish people, but only wants to defend the German people. He charges that the Polish nobility and clergy are Polandizing entire villages, and that his policy is necessary to prevent it. He is making it a war of nationality and appealing to German patriotism to sustain him in extraditing the Poles. Rome was the last instance in history in which the denationalization of a people was successfully attempted, and that was done by winning them, not by driving them out.

Blaine in 1888.

As the days pass by it becomes constantly more certain that James G. Blaine will again be the Republican candidate for President in 1888. It is claimed that Blaine still retains a strong hold upon the Irish and the labor vote, and is likely to increase his following in this direction. Blaine came nearer success than Jackson did when he first run for President. Jackson was the subject of more violent hostility, in the shape of slander and vulgar caricature than Blaine suffered in 1884. He was pictured as hanging his soldiers without mercy for trifling breaches of discipline, as a rake who married a divorced woman and committed the worst of crimes. In spite of this vast cloud of shocking personal calumny, Jackson was easily victorious in his second campaign, for during his first fight his foes had exhausted their ammunition of detraction, and in the second battle they found themselves forced to load their shells with the harmless ashes of burnt powder or the sawdust of cheap campaign scandals. There was nothing left to fire at Jackson; everything—shot, slugs, nails, old iron and shells—had been launched and lavished in vain upon the Jackson camp, so that when Jackson, beaten in 1824, came up smiling like a prize-fighter in 1828, his foes had thrown away their fire and were quickly swept from the field. It is not impossible that Blaine would win a Jacksonian victory in 1888. He is the only man of eminent public parts who is not handicapped for the Presidential race by his identity with some of the crippling questions and unwelcome responsibilities that confront the active soldiers of the party in the field of politics within or without the circle of Congress and State Legislatures.

Gen. Harrison was also defeated the first time he ran for President in 1836. He, too, was mercilessly abused, caricatured and lied about, but he swept the country four years later in 1840.

Senator Edmunds has not a particle of popular strength; he has twice been eloquently presented before the National Convention of the party and his nominations fell flat, never winning to exceed 100 votes. Edmunds is cordially hated by the influential partisans of Blaine, who charge Blaine's defeat in New York to the sullen refusal of Edmunds to speak for the ticket. John Sherman is an able and well equipped statesman, strong with the merchants, bankers, and traders of the country, but "too cold" for those who want a "magnetic" candidate Senator Hawley is a pretty good man, but not large enough to persuade the West to take him rather than Blaine. Arthur is an invalid and out of politics. Harrison has no popular strength that compares with that of Logan in the West. Logan has, however, no strength East or West that does not equally belong to Blaine. Logan has never been under the fire of a National campaign; Blaine has felt the "fierce heat that beats upon the throne," and borne it with remarkable endurance. Blaine has been able in his retirement to avoid committing himself upon any of the burning industrial issues of the hour; the great mass of malcontent labor firmly believes in Blaine's secret sympathy with their real or fancied wrongs; his sensational methods, his "magnetic" manner and speech, his felicity in avoiding all public expressions that can be turned to his injury, make Blaine the most formidably-equipped candidate within the Republican party at present. During the campaign of 1884 he did not say an imprudent thing; he did not disgust the intelligence nor repel the culture of the country from his side, and yet while speaking with the accuracy of a scholar he spoke with a fluency and spirit that fascinated the farmer, the mechanic, and the whole circle of the working classes. The only criticism passed upon Blaine was that lavished upon him by those who made the worst they could of the Mulligan letters. Those letters and the record they denounced, are to-day burnt powder. Blaine has nothing to fear from the Mulligan contingent of the Mugwump army.

WHETHER or not the time has come to carry a Home Rule through Parliament, Mr. Gladstone's bill has added to his fame and he is the author of a measure which is bound sometime to become a law.

THE New York public considers it unfair to boycott ladies who run bakeries. Quite right.

A Shrinkage of Personal Wealth.

One of the instructive phenomena consequent on the three-mill tax assessment of personal property, says the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, has been a great shrinkage in the estimates of individual wealth. From a total personal valuation in Allegheny county alone that was supposed to amount to over $100,000,000, appeals and explanations, for the most part verified by oath, will bring the sum down to the neighborhood of $50,000,000. It must not be hastily supposed that these claims for reduction are in a majority of cases other than legitimate. It is a fact which has been shown since the assessment began that many mortgages and judgments, long ago paid off, and perhaps forgotten by the parties in interest, have been permitted to stand upon the records unsatisfied, till now brought to light by the official examiner. Again, there are elements of speculative wealth which fade into thin air when a tax is proposed. Those numerous companies for the development of this or that invention; those incorporated concerns for the future working of coal, oil or gas tracts; the hundred and one enterprises which have taken the shape of companies with a large capital stock not paid up, but expected to materialize into something handsome in the future,—all these, though the shares in them are returnable for tax by the persons holding them, assume singularly small proportions when their actual present value is at test. The enchantment of anticipation is dispelled by the briefest reflection of what is a just and proper figure to put upon them for the assessor.

While the three-mill tax law has given vast trouble and may eventually lead to hardships, it has had at least two good results: first, in getting the county records into clearer and more correct form than was ever before known, and next, and not least, in compelling every taxable person to figure out just how he stands, on a hard-pan basis. Having accomplished this, the law may well be repealed; for there is nothing necessary or desirable in it that cannot be enacted in a plainer statute freed from the ambiguities, injustice and duplications of the present one.

The Republican State Convention.

A week ago or longer this paper published a notice announcing that the Republican State Convention will be held in Harrisburg on the 30th of June. We give below the official call for that gathering:

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE
Philadelphia, April 21, 1886

The Republican State Convention will be held in the Opera House at Harrisburg, on the last Wednesday of June, the 30th, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Auditor General, Secretary of Internal Affairs and Congressman-at-Large, and for the transaction of other business.

The attention of Republicans throughout the State is respectfully directed to the following Permanent Rules (amended last year) for the holding of State Conventions, and the conduct of the party.

1. That Delegates to State Convention shall be chosen in the manner in which candidates for the General Assembly are nominated, except in Senatorial districts composed of more than one county, in which conferees for the selection of Senatorial delegates shall be chosen in the manner aforesaid.

2. Hereafter the State Convention of the Republican party shall be held not earlier than the third Wednesday of August, except in the year of the Presidential election, when it shall be held not more than thirty days previous to the day fixed for the National Convention, and except in Gubernatorial years. At least sixty days' notice shall be given of the date of the State Convention.

3. That we recommend to the county organizations, that in their rules they allow the largest freedom in the general participation in the primaries consistent with the preservation of the party organization.

By order of the Republican State Committee. THOS. V. COOPER, Chairman.

THE friends of Senator Jones who apologize for his absence, say that he was "paired" before he left Washington. But what Mr. Jones especially yearns for is to be paired at Detroit.

VEGETATION is rapid in California. A radish seed will, in five weeks, grow into a radish a foot long.

The Strikes.

The condition of the strikes in all parts of this country is about the same that it was last week. In the Southwest, where the strike prevails along the Gould system of railroads, the strikers still remain determined. Their wants are well supplied and more money is being received by the committee than is required to meet the wants of the men and their families. This money is freely donated by Knights of Labor in all parts of the country. Operations are conducted on the railroad lines, although not in a satisfactory or remunerative manner. It is threatened that if, after the conclusion of the labors of the Congressional committee, the strike is not ended, a more general effort will be made to boycott the Gould system. No acts of violence are committed.

On the lines centering in Chicago there has been more or less dissatisfaction, and on the Lake Shore and perhaps other railroads embryo strikes have been precipitated, but so speedily have they been nipped in the bud that in a few days all the workmen have again resumed work.

In New York City the strike on the Third avenue street car line seems to be partially successful, as the company cannot continue business or get other men to take the places of the strikers.

The only violence done was by the strikers of the sugar refinery in Brooklyn. Here an unfortunate encounter occurred between striking workmen and police and several were injured or killed.

In the mining regions in Centre and Clearfield counties, the mines of those who will not grant the advance asked for are closed, with no hope of opening them soon.

THE Philadelphia *Record* takes the ground that if cremation should ever become popular it would at least have the advantage of preventing long funeral services in cemeteries and the consequent exposure of mourners to the dangers attendant upon standing upon damp ground with head uncovered. Only a few days ago a well known citizen of Baltimore died of pneumonia, which he had contracted while acting as pallbearer at a friend's funeral. It is difficult to estimate the evil results of a long ride to a cemetery, especially in winter, followed by exposure at the grave during lengthy religious services, accompanied at times by the ritual of societies to which the deceased may have belonged. In honoring the dead we ought not to be unmindful of the living.

THEY do say that *Sah ci-ah toy* women in Columbus, Ohio, are boycotting Mrs. Foraker because her husband, in a special message to the Legislature, called attention to the way in which rich citizens evade taxation by making dishonest returns of their taxable property. There is no occasion for Mrs. Foraker to feel humiliated by this spite, for the reason men mean enough and criminal enough to shirk the payment of their honest taxes could hardly be expected to win the favor of women of taste and real principle and culture. She may be happy that these vulgar creatures thus expose their vulgarity and relieve her of the annoyance of their presence.

The "Queen of Festivals."

Easter, the great religious festival, has passed. To those who can appreciate the religious sentiment of the day it was indeed a glad occasion. The life and beauty of religion are taught us by every thought of the day. We cannot conceive why all of religion should not be life and beauty, but to some people it is not, and to such these alternate seasons of sorrow, as associated with Good Friday, and life and beauty, as connected with Easter are necessary. To these we can say: We hope you were greatly and permanently benefited by its glad experiences.

System of Credit.

One of the most serious and insidious obstacles in the way of thrift, of ease of mind and of true household comfort is the "running account." Doubtless the credit system originated in a benevolent intention to do good, and, in its wider application, it is necessary to carry on the great commercial, social and financial undertakings of the world, but it is a great enemy to home economy. It is the foundation for debt and all the distressing formula of indebtedness, duns, notes of hand, liens, mortgages, and a thousand and one of the miseries and incumbrances known to legal phraseology and practice which are the bane of life.

June Would be a Good Time.

The following dialogue is given to the world by the Washington *Critic*. It was overheard by one of the *Critic's* scribes who was lingering around the White House at that time, and of course has reference to the President's marriage in June next to Miss Folsam.

"Daniel," remarked the President to his private secretary, as a tender light shone in his eyes.

"Yes, sir," responded Daniel.

"Doesn't all the world love a lover?"

"It is so stated by poets, sir."

"And June is the month when lovers' hearts catch up the fragrance of flowers and breathe it forth again, isn't it, Daniel?"

"Yes, sir."

"And happy lovers wed in June, don't they, Daniel?"

"Yes, sir."

"And what is so rare as a day in June, Daniel?"

"A Republican wanting to give up an office, sir."

"Don't talk politics, please. Can you get a few days off in June, Daniel?"

"Yes, sir."

"In the rosy June, the blue-eyed goddess of the year, the sweetheart month—can you come to me then, Daniel, with the old, glad smile on your face, the tender music in your voice, the sweet wishes on your lips?"

"Yes, sir. Why do you ask?"

"Merely for information, Daniel." And the President dived into a sea of papers, and the waves of business rolled silently on.

THE aspiring city of Paris proposes to see the Washington monument and go higher than it by erecting an iron tower 984 feet tall in the grounds of the Paris International Exhibition. We do not know exactly how high the tower of Babel was, but the Washington monument puts its top higher above ground than any other structure reared by man of which we have knowledge. The ancient pyramid of Cheops, in whose building cost of labor was no consideration, is only 449.3 feet high, and the highest church spire in the world, that of the Cathedral at Rouen, exposes its weather-vane to the breezes 488.7 feet above ground, but the marble shaft of the Washington monument overtops these with its 572 feet of altitude. The proposed Paris tower will come so close to doubling even this prodigious height that it seems a pity for it to stop short. Its builders ought to run it up for seventy-two feet above the proposed height in order to make it an even fifth of a mile high. If they want to make a sure thing of the structure they ought to arrange to get the iron from Pennsylvania. Our mills can supply them girders and braces strong enough to hold up the four corners of the earth.

Labor Disputes.

The President has written to congress a letter suggesting a national board of arbitration to whom shall be submitted all disputes between labor and capital. He proposes that this commission shall be composed of three members who shall be regular officers of the government. The value of such a commission depends largely upon who composes it, and we believe that in all such commissions, one member should be a laborer, one a capitalist and the third a disinterested individual. Such a commission is of no use at all if the disputing parties will not agree or are not compelled to abide by its decisions. What Congress should do is to enact some legislation compelling all such disputes to be settled in this way, and those who refuse,—be they workmen or capitalists—should be denominated outlaws, and treated accordingly.

SOME of the Democratic papers are looking around eagerly to find somebody to play scapegoat for them this fall, and take the thrashing General Beaver is going to give the man they set up. Therefore they would like to tempt Powderly with a nomination for Governor. They do not know Powderly. He has shown that he has a good deal better judgment as well as higher purpose than the average Democratic politician, and he will not abandon the great work he has before him, to coquette with the promises of the political devils to give him all the kingdoms of this world, not one of which they can deliver.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

COL. A. WILSON NORRIS, of Philadelphia, will be a candidate before the coming Republican State Convention for the nomination for Auditor General. We cordially endorse the candidacy of the Colonel and predict his nomination. He is a true Republican and has repeatedly visited Bellefonte in behalf of the party. He has also held public office, attending to the duties with fidelity. The Colonel is a literary gentleman and his contributions to the press are able and readable.

GENERAL NOTES.

A large belt of iron has been recently discovered at Baracoa.

Daffodil, violet and primrose weddings are spring importations.

As many as 600 American girls are re-studying music in Milan.

Orange is to be the leading color of the coming season abroad.

The yearly exports of umbrellas from England are valued at £581,000.

No fewer than 2700 babies come squalling into old London town every week.

The senate of Massachusetts came into existence through a lawsuit over a pig.

The French have taken the American verb "to interview" into their language.

Mountain fires are burning in the vicinity of Centralia, Pa. The damage is heavy.

One factory in Madison, Miss., turns out 110 barrels of cotton seed oil per week.

Eighteen million pounds of licorice root were imported by this country last month.

A goose owned by Nelson Hoyt, of Craftsbury, Vt., is said to be over 60 years old.

A man on Jug Island owns a game pereserve stocked with 3,000 partridges and 1,000 pheasants.

Frederick Blazer, of Crestline, O., who took shelter under a tree from a storm, was killed by lightning.

The Tammany Democracy has definitely decided to take the lead in an onslaught on President Cleveland.

In Turin a new Raphael, it is believed, has been found. It is a profile portrait, and bears the words, "Urbino 1497."

A Scotch medical professor lately declared that out of over 100 medical graduates not 10 meant to "set up" in Scotland.

Little bees so made that they tremble with the slightest motion of the wearer are among the new things in French jewelry.

San Francisco capitalists are negotiating for 1,800 acres of land in California, on which they propose to locate a citrus colony.

A strange horse disease has broken out in Sheekape, Minn. The horses are seized with trembling, and drop dead in the harness.

The first mate of the American ship Berlin was sentenced to four years' imprisonment last week, in San Francisco, for cruelty to sailors.

A boy at Gillingham, England, in trying to draw the air from a slit of a balloon, sucked the toy down his throat and was choked to death.

Michigan parties are experimenting with mineral wax from Utah mines. It is claimed to be the best material for insulating wires yet discovered.

The Viceroy Li has had a complete toy steamer for the Empress of China, so that she may work it herself and see the importance of steam locomotion.

Law violators are punished heavily in Mexico. The Mayor of Vera Cruz fined several of the milk-selling establishments there $400 for selling adulterated milk.

Sixty-nine of her British Majesty's big ships are said to be "shams, antiques and curios, whose proper place is in a naval museum or colossal marine bric-a-brac shop."

A firm in Vienna did a thriving business at Berlin for some time by selling waistcoats into which a likeness of Bismarck had been woven in a very artistic manner.

It is said that the new Washington sewer is the largest in the world. It is large enough for a team of horses and load of hay to be drawn through the entrance.

William M. Twomby, of Saccarappa, Me., has a 12 pound cannon ball which was fired from the brig Enterprise into the British brig Boxer near Portsmouth in 1812.

James Eastwood, of Kentucky, who served only 20 days in the army and was mustered out because he had an attack of rheumatism, has received $10,000 as arrears of pension.

As a warning to bores and would-be fighters, there is hung up in the *Times* office in Savannah, Ga., a human skull, on the back of which is labeled: "Last of a man who came in to see the editor."

There are 13,000,000 men, women and children earning wages in the United Kingdom; there are 350 paper mills there, while in India, which has a population eight times as great, there are only 7 paper mills.

A novelty in horticulture in California is the successful grafting of Italian chestnuts on the ordinary black oak. It has been practiced with the best results in a number of instances in the Napa valley.

William Lovell, a love-lorn swain of Bristol, England, has introduced a novelty in suicide by attempting to hang himself to the door-knocker of the house of a young woman who had refused to marry him.

The people of Christain county, Ky., it is said, have just discovered that in their midst is the grave of Jefferson Davis' brother. The grave is unmarked by a tombstone, and has been plowed over. This year a crop has been planted on it.

A woman was sentenced in England to six months' hard labor as a rogue and a vagabond, her crime being that she was in the habit of carrying a sealed and addressed envelope in her hand, and soliciting from passers by a penny to buy a postage stamp.

A genius from the wooden nutmeg State has invented a clock in which there is a money drawer. Money can be deposited at any time, but can only be removed during one day in the month. Another notion is in screwing the clock to its shelf, so that it can only be removed when the drawer is open.

Poetry.

A PRAYER FOR CONTENT WITH SIMPLE STORE.

Dear Lord, to Thee my knee is bent;
Give me content;
Full-pleasured with what comes to me,
Whate'er it be;
An humble roof—a frugal board,
And simple hoard;
The wintry fagot piled beside
The chimney wide,
While th enwreathing flames upsprout
And twine about
The brazen dogs that guard my hearth
And household worth;
Tinged w th the embers' ruddy glow
The rafters low;
And let the sparks snap with delight,
As fingers might
That mark deft measures of some tune
The children croon;
Then—with good friends, the rarest few,
Thou hadst true,
Ranged r und about the blaze, to share
My comfort there—
Give me to claim the service meet
That makes each seat
A place of honor, and each guest
Loved as the rest.

—*Indianapolis Journal.*

DAISIES.

Country bairnies' dearest pleasures,
Idolized as greatest treasures,
Winsome daisies!

Wreathed in children's flowing tresses,
Strung in garlands 'round their dresses,
Wee white daisies!

Into thy little heart's of gold
The woes of love-lorn maids are told,
Tender daisies!

The petals of thy soft crowns white
Are fortune-tellers true and bright,
Sunny daisies!

Anon, with thee, methinks are wrought
The shafts of Cupid's cruel sport,
Coquettish daisies!

Crests of topaz, pearl robes rarest,
Of Nature's gems the very fairest,
Lovely daisies!

Like snowy starlets on rough earth,
Shining thy great Creator's worth,
Peerless daisies!

A SPRING POEM.

What though we shiver in the blast,
Hope in the heart is springing;
The sun is coming northward fast
And fine weather bringing.
When February disappears,
And March, the month that seldom cheers,
And April, month of smiles and tears,
Have passed away,
And flowery May
Has come, and birds begin to sing,
And winter hoar,
The aged bore,
Has left the lap of smiling Spring,
Cold weather o'er,
We'll think no more
Of storms of snow or blizzards keen—
Think not indeed of what has been—
But, taking pleasure in what is,
Go cheerfully about our biz.

—*Boston Courier.*

THE FAIR HYPOCRITE.

Within the church in prayer she knelt,
Murmuring responses faintly,
And, streaming in, the sunshine dwelt
On features almost saintly.
So sweet, so pure her face, the light
Seemed lingering fondly on it;
But was it with such fondness quite
It lingered on her bonnet?
For on her bonnet showered were,
In fashion's guise to deck 'er,
A bobolink, a jay, a pair
Of larks, and a woodpecker!
Within the church in prayer she knelt;
No doubt the angels heard 'er,
And deep regret they must have felt
That she'd encouraged murder.

—*Chicago Tribune.*

FIVE THINGS OBSERVE.

If you your lips
Would keep from slips,
Five things observe with care—
Of whom you speak,
To whom your speak,
And how, and when, and where.

If you your ears
Would save from jeers,
These things keep wildly hid—
"Myself" and "I,"
And "mine" and "my,"
And how "I" do and did.

—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

Our Story Teller.

ESME.

[Concluded.]

"It would be very pleasant. It has stopped raining," looking out of the window. "I will put on my hat."

Very little later they were making their way, against the blustering wind, through the narrow village street.

"Is it too rough for you?" he asked.

"No, I enjoy it," she declared. "We will go above to the pine-wood; I love the sound of wind in pine-trees."

"You are sure it will not tire you?"

"It is staying at home and waiting that tires one," she answered quickly. "Do not you also think that?"

"I should think it must be so, but that is rarely a man's fate."

"No, it is a woman's."

He turned his head quickly. It sounded to him as if the words came with a sob, but perhaps the strong wind had caught her breath, for the road they were toiling up was very steep. He paused a moment, however.

"There is no use offering you an arm," then he said. "You are far too independent to take it, even if you were tired."

"Even if I were tired," she repeated, "which I am not. But I am grateful all the same."

"No, you are not. Nothing that I could do for you, nothing that I could offer you, would you ever be grateful for. You would say 'thank you' because it is conventional to say 'thank you,' and you are too well-mannered to forget it."

"Well, it is no concern of mine," he went on. "Be happy in your own way. You know what I came down here to say to you. You have put me off day by day, but I could not go without saying it. My love is yours—has been yours, I think, since the first day I saw you. There is no hope in my heart, but I could not go back leaving the words unsaid. You need not even answer them—what is there to answer? You can only reply you know it, and that you do not care for my love; but all the same it is yours, to do what you will with."

She moved a step away when he had spoken.

"You need not be afraid," he said; "I am going to say nothing more—nothing. And you need not move; you have the knack of making a man feel as if he stood so far away, that his words could scarcely reach you."

He spoke bitterly, and she lifted her eyes with something that might have been appeal in them; and her voice was a little unsteady as: "Forgive me," she answered; "I do not mean to be unkind, but I can only say that I should not be happier married. No," regaining steadiness of tone, "do not say anything more; I should not like to lose your friendship."

"That is for your father's sake, not for your own. But even on those terms, I would rather keep it, though it is not much."

"You will forget," she said.

"I do not think so," he answered quietly, but he made no further protestations.

Almost in silence they returned. Under the circumstances it was difficult to prolong the walk, besides it was growing dusk, so they went back the way they had come.

The dinner hour was rather a terrible ordeal to look forward to under the circumstances. Sydney wished it well over many a time, as she dressed. It was difficult to talk as if nothing had happened, and yet it must be.

"He will soon forget. He will go away to-morrow, and when next we meet——"

She did not complete her sentence. Her thoughts drifted away to her own life, her own future.

"It would not be fair to any one," she said, looking at her sad eyes in the glass. "I could not help fretting, it would not be right."

The dinner was not as uncomfortable as she had feared might be the case.

Mr. Loraine had done a good afternoon's work, and was full of his book, and some drawings Mr. Carteret had done for him, and he himself appeared to talk as lightly and easily as usual. No one seemed to noticed Sydney's silence. Her black lace dress made her look very pale, and there were dark shadows under her eyes which even the brightness of the diamond stars in her hair and throat did not quite counteract.

"Men's hearts do not break so easily," she thought bitterly, as she listened to the steady flow of talk. "They think it hurts for a little while, and then they go away—and forget."

The words, the train of thought they engendered, caused her such a pang that she shivered as if in actual pain.

"You caught cold this afternoon," Mr. Carteret said, turning his head directly toward her. "I feared you would."

"No, no," recalling her straying thoughts. "I never catch cold."

"Don't boast."

He resumed his conversation at once with Mr. Loraine, and her mind was not recalled to the present talk again until she heard him say something that attracted her attention. Of what came before she was unaware,—what caught her ears were the words "When I was in Pomerania." She leant forward suddenly, a question in her eyes and on her lips, but what it was remained unasked. Mr. Carteret, watching her, paused in his sentence, wondering what it was in his light adventures that had attracted such vivid, though momentary, interest. Losing the thread of his story in his conjectures, he did not again refer to Germany, and a few minutes later she left the dining-room.

But only to wait, in feverish impatience, until he should follow her.

It was so extremely unlikely, but still every chance, however faint, was worth trying.

And what did she want to know? Long, long ago, was over and buried the faintest possibility of any happy future accruing to her from the knowledge of the life he was leading.

"But I should like to know," wistfully. "I should always like to know." Her thoughts had pictured him so often with the blonde German girl, grown matronly and tender, teaching him year by year to return the love that shone in her honest eyes—had pictured him sometimes with little children about his knees; little children with frank blue eyes, and corn-colored hair, who were added links in the chain that bound him to their mother.

"I should like to know," she thought wearily, and then the door opened, and Mr. Carteret entered the room, before she had time to banish the softness from her eyes that the thought of the past had brought there.

"Tell me," he said at once, without any preface, "what did you want to ask me at dinner?"

"You said"—hesitatingly. Then, lifting her eyes steadily, "you said you had been in Pomerania—where were you—when was it?"

"It was—let me see, two, three, four, nearly five years ago. I went for a very sad reason; to tell an old man, whom I had never seen, about the death of his son. I was staying at a small inn for a couple of nights. The son was there, very ill—he was on his way home. I stayed with him till he died, which he did the next day, before any of his people could be sent for, and afterward—"

Afterward!

Ah, what more was there to hear! No need for any name even—she knew it all now.

Out of her cheeks and lips the color slowly ebbed as she watched him; only her eyes, wide and painful with unshed tears, looking into his, seemed to compel him to go on; but when he reached that word, which seemed to shut out hope and life, she staggered back, and would have fallen but for his steadying hands.

"He is dead," she cried, but very low, sinking down on to the broad window-seat, but she did not let go the hands that held hers; she seemed to cling to them, as if for comfort and support.

"He died, poor child! years ago. Why, did you not know it?"

Of a sudden he seemed to understand so much; seemed to feel such pity for the trembling, despairing woman by whose side she knelt, as to preclude all idea of love, except as comprised in tenderness.

"He was to come back," she said, "or write."

"And you did not hear?"

"Nothing, nothing," with a despairing sob; "I have waited."

She did not cry, she had wept all her tears years ago. They had been wept over his grave there was a feeling of peacefulness almost in the thought.

"Tell me more," she said at length. There was unreality in Roy Carteret's presence; he was not the man whose love-making only that very afternoon had troubled her, but a kind friend who had a warm human heart, and who sympathized with her in her loneliness and despair.

There was so little to tell; but he told it all, kneeling by her side, whilst the wind blew in at the open window, and her eyes looked abroad to the stormy sky above, or to the wind-tossed trees below.

"He was never quite conscious from the first moment that I saw him. I sat up with him that last night,—but he did not speak, and in the morning he died. His brother came next day, and at his wish I went on to his home, and saw his father, and told him all I could. But you see it was not much."

"Thank you," she said softly—could he ever have thought her eyes cold and hard?—"you have been very kind. I think you might tell father; he was very fond of him, and at first sometimes wonder—Ah!" her voice breaking.—"it has been such pain, such terrible pain!"

He felt he could hardly trust his own voice to say much.

"Good-night," he said,—"or good-bye, if you are not down early."

"Good-bye," she repeated, almost mechanically, and turned away.

But even in her own room she did not weep much.

A few tears fell as she unlocked, and took from a case that she had not opened for years, a small framed miniature of a fair-haired man, with blue eyes that looked somewhat sadly into hers. It was the only relic she possessed of that buried time and her eyes grew dim as she looked upon it. All the tears she had shed had been upon his grave, for long years he had been at rest. He had been saved the battle, the burden had all fallen to her share. "And I was strong, and have borne it," she thought. "He has been saved so much, and as it had to be, I am glad—yes, I *think* I am glad, that *she* never knew. It is I who have borne it all!" And she looked into the mirror at the gray hairs and the saddened eyes that were the price she had paid. "And, after all, I have been to blame. I did not trust you as I promised I would. You said if you lived you would come back. It seems as if I never remembered that until to-night. But I told you once," she murmured, with hands clasped, "that whatever happened, I would never grudge the price, and I do not—even now, even now!"

The storm blew itself out in the night, and a bright May sun shone out in the morning, to throw a little cheerfulness over Mr. Carteret's departure.

He had wandered about the garden, had admired the peacocks so palpably standing to be admired, hoping that he should see Sydney Loraine before he left. But she did not appear.

"So best," he thought with a sigh. "There is, after all, nothing I can say."

His "Good-bye" said to Mr. Loraine, he went into the library to fetch a book,—it would not be so very long now before he must find his way to the station. But he had only been alone in the room a few minutes when the door opened, and she came in.

She appeared taller than usual in the long white morning dress; no color anywhere, and his heart ached when he saw her.

"You do not look fit to be walking about," he said kindly, taking her hand in his. "I hoped that you were resting."

"No," she said, "I wanted to see you. I could not let you go without saying good-bye, and thanking you——" her voice drifted away into a sort of dreary echo of its usual tones.

"You were so kind," she began again. And then, altering to a fresh sentence, "Are you going to-day?"

"Yes," he answered; "don't worry about me."

"Why do you go?" she asked; "you know father likes you being here,—you," hesitatingly, "were going to stay longer than this."

"It is better," he answered.

He did not turn his head as he spoke. "Your father is coming up to town in a fortnight, and I will see him then."

She did not answer, but remained still for a moment, looking at him, as if wondering what to say next,—and then, with a few steps, she stood beside him, and he knew she was speaking again, her voice very soft and low.

"Please do not go—" Her voice was so unsteady, that he could scarcely catch the words, and he turned his head, and looked down at her where she stood beside him, her hand resting on his arm. "I think," she began falteringly, "that it is *I* who wish you to stay—you know everything, will you stay now? I think I want some one to take care of me."

A Lawyer who Practiced by Ear.

Buffalo Express.

Among the friends of Grover Cleveland when he was practicing law in this city was another attorney, but one of rather different stamp than the man of destiny. The friend was a bright fellow, but with the bump of laziness abnormally developed, and whenever it was necessary for him to use a decision bearing on any point it was his habit to lounge into Cleveland's office and casually worm the desired information out of his friend's mental storehouse. "Grover" was not so dull as not to appreciate the fact and to resent the sponging—not so much because the process was worthy of that name as because he wished to spur his friend on to more energetic work. One day the friend came in on his usual errand, and when Cleveland had heard the preliminaries usual to the pumping process, the latter told his questioner that he had given him all the information on law matters that he was going to.

"There are my books," said Cleveland, "and you're quite welcome to use them. You can read up your own cases."

"See here, Grover Cleveland," said the friend, "I want you to understand that I don't read law. I practice entirely by ear, and you and your books can go to thunder."

Facts and Fancies.

Music sellers advertise themselves daily. What the public needs is music cellars in which singers and instrumentalists can practice their fatal art.

Joaquin, who is in Mexico, says he will never return to civilization. This is the saddest intelligence we have heard in a long while—for Mexico.

I thought I had made myself very clear to her. "Inductive electricity, Edison's newest. You see how he can communicate with every train on the track?" I said. "Oh, yes," she sighed, "if the train has a good conductor."

A Colton citizen tied one end of a rope around his waist the other day, while he lassoed a Texas steer with the other. He thought he had the animal, but at the end of the first 100-yard heat found that the steer had him.

An old railroad conductor was watching a deacon take up a collection in church. "Ah! what a splendid run," he murmured; "wouldn't I like to get it through! Not a ticket offered on trip; all cash fares, and no spotter on the whole train!"

Three Years for Laughing.

The German army is probably the most splendidly trained armed organization upon which the sun ever shone. And well it may be, considering the care expended upon its maintenance. Society here in general has just been startled by certain measures which have been adopted in the interests, as is averred, of discipline and morals. These measures involve nothing less than the sentencing of an entire company to three years' fortress detention for what would seem to the non-military mind a, under the circumstances, not very alarming breach of discipline.

A certain Captain Adolph Von Arenberg, while drilling his company, to the unbounded surprise of the soldiers, indulged in a variety of antics and grimaces which caused a great number of the men to break into laughter. The Colonel quickly heard of the affair and ordered the whole company under arrest.

Although it turned out that Captain Von Arenberg was suffering from mental aberration and that his condition was such as to render his removal to an asylum for medical treatment necessary, the entire company was sentenced to three years' detention in fortress for the breach of discipline in having laughed at one clothed in the uniform of a captain in the line. This three years' sentence will have to be served in addition to the regular term of compulsory service in the army.

Another instance of rigidity of the German military code came from Hanover. A young lieutenant of uhlans was riding along the Georgen-strasse when his horse balked and got in the way of a passing coal cart. The shaft of the cart struck the officer's horse and the latter spoke some sharp words to the driver.

This driver, who it appears, was a good Hanoverian, with a strong hatred for all Prussians, got angry in turn. As he drove quickly on he struck the officer twice over the shoulder with his whip. The young lieutenant, his eyes blazing with fury, made a violent effort to reach his assailant, with whom it would doubtless have fared badly had he succeeded. But he was hindered by crush of traffic and the offending coal cart driver succeeded in making good his escape.

The lieutenant was promptly cashiered. Why? Because a gross insult had been offered in his person to the German military uniform and he had not succeeded in avenging it. Under the German law he would have been justified in cutting his assailant down or in running him through the body. Is this not keeping up the morale of the army with a vengence?

In Brunswick, where the drainage facilities are of the most primitive character, there exists a reprehensible habit of throwing dirty water out the windows. True, sometimes a premonitory cry of warning is uttered for the benefit of passers-by, but sometimes even this is omitted by careless ones.

Some days since one Gustave Glitz suddenly threw open his window on the second floor and forthwith soused down into the street the contents of a percelain vessel filled with dirty water. It alighted full upon the gold laced cap and glittering epaulettes of a stern visaged captain of cuirassiers who had served with distinction in the France-Prussian war. With a blood-curdling imprecation, the dripping officer burst in the door of the house dashed up the stairs two at a time and with his drawn sword belabored the juggler of porcelian within a fraction of an inch of his life. The morale of the army is regarded by him as having been sustained.

The Spring Fashions.

Jet ornaments are abundant and expensive.

Twilled lace handkerchiefs are in fashion again.

Jet bonnets promise to be most popular for spring wear.

Cashmere and camel's hair are much combined in costumes.

Canvas goods are show in variety of designs amounting to a craze.

Draperies are long or short in front, but in the back they are along and voluminous.

Cherries, berries, hips and haws are among the newest decorations for bonnets and hats.

Black silks for spring wear are loaded down with jet, and are a glittering, jingling mass of beads.

This summer is to be a parasol season, and the stereotyped styles of frames have quite gone by.

Vital Statistics of Colored People.

A careful study of the vital statistics shows that a colored boy for the first five years of his life has two and a half times as many chances of death as a white boy; that thereafter his chances steadily improve till in the twenties, when the two are equal, and that after reaching 40 a negro man's chances to die of old age are much better than a white's, and a negro woman's better still. But at no age are man's chances for longer life quite as good as a woman's.

Apple Trees in Love.

Love is evermore the father of poetry and the month of May finds the orchard no longer a plain, sober, business affair, but the gayest and most radiant frolicker of the year. We have seen human creatures whose ordinary life was dutiful and prosaic, but when some extraordinary excitement and grief, or, more likely of deep love, had thoroughly mastered them, they broke forth into a richness of feeling, an inspiration of sentiment, that mounted into the very kingdom of beauty, and for the transient hour they glowed in the elements of poetry. And so to us seems an apple tree. From June to May it is homely, duty-performing, sober, matter-of-fact tree. But May seems to stir up a love heat in its veins.

The old round-topped, crooked-trunked and ungainly-boughed fellow drops all world ways, and takes to itself a new idea of life. Those little stubbed spurs that all the year had seemed like rheumatic fingers, or thumbs and fingers stiffened and stubbed by work are now transformed. Forth put they a little head of buds, which a few rains and days of encouraging warmth solicit to a cluster of blossoms. At first rosy and pink, and then opening purely white. And now where is your old homely tree? All its crookedness is hidden by the sheets of blossoms. The whole top is changed to a royal dome. The liberal, fruit-bearing tree is transfigured, and glows with raiment whiter and purer than any white linen. It is a marvel and a glory! What if you have seen it before, ten thousand times over? An apple tree in full blossom is like a message, sent fresh from heaven to earth, of purity and beauty! We walk around it reverently and admiringly. We are never tired of looking at its profusion. Homely as it ordinarily is, yet it speaks of the munificence of God better than any other tree.

She Will Dust.

He had a back load of feather dusters as he rang the door bell on Montcalm street yesterday, and when a woman opened the door about two inches and said that nothing was wanted he kindly inquired:

"Madam, will you please inform me who lives next door?"

"Next door?" she queried, coming out on the step. "Why it's a new family, and I don't remember the name."

"Lady puts on a good deal of style, doesn't she?"

"Rather."

"I thought so. That's the way with with sort of people; they put it all on their backs. I asked her if she didn't want a duster to dust off her upholstered furniture and bric-a-brac, and she slammed the door in my face. She didn't have any to dust, you see. People who have plush furniture and articles of virtu and taste always want my goods. Pleasant day, madam!"

"Y e-s. What did you say the price was?"

"Seventy-five cents, madam, and the woman next door is peering through blinds at us."

"Is she? Well, I'll take one, and if there should any other invention to dust bric-a-brac and oil paintings you might call around. You may also bring me a box of polish for my silverware."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Nanticoke's Great Tomb.

The last glimmer of hope of ever reaching the bodies of the twenty-six entombed men and boys in the fatal slope at Nanticoke is fast fading away. Four weeks ago the work of driving a tunnel across the basin which intervened between the gangway and that part of the mine where the bodies are buried was started as a last resort. This was driven ninety-three feet, and then a drill hole was driven the balance of the distance, seventy-one feet, the drill reaching the fatal chamber yesterday morning. When it was withdrawn a steady and swift stream of water came from the two-inch hole.

The drill was immediately started again to drive another hole that would strike near the roof of the fatal chamber. This is done in order to ascertain if it is filled entirely with water. If such is the case then the Susquehanna coal company will, in all probability, abandon the work, as with this condition of things in the chamber it would be impracticable to proceed. And thus will end the long story of the terrible disaster that blackened the joys of Christmastide, 1885, for the miners of the Wyoming coal fields.

Mary Anderson's Wealth.

Mary Anderson is computed to be worth $500,000, which is said to be safely invested in real estate, gas stocks and railway shares both in England and America. A small portion of it is in American bonds. She expects to clear this year $150,000. But our Mary is not so rich as her sister professional, Lotta, who, as a rule, lives frugally, and is eminently businesslike. She claims to be, and probably is, the wealthiest woman on the stage. Her dollars are estimated as totalling up to considerable more than a clear million. Most of her money is held in the name of her mother, Mrs. Crabtree, who has been her daughter's business manager ever since she appeared on the stage. Lotta has sustained only one serious monetary loss. A man she was engaged to was at the bottom of it. She let him have $20,000 to speculate with. He lost the whole of it, and Lotta's heart and hand at the same time.

She was Posing for Eve.

There was a grand ball given recently by the elite, to which a large number of distinguished men were invited, among whom was an artist, who was as absent-minded as he was noted. Owing to the latter fact, he became the lion of the evening, the ladies especially paying him marked attention. One fair one, less attired, superficially speaking than her comrades, attempted to draw him out. Her efforts proved of no avail, as the artist became more and more abstracted.

"I must be in miserable form to-night," she observed, "I seem to interest you so little."

For an instant the immobile countenance relaxed: "Form did you say? Well, yes. You must raise your left shoulder a bit and keep your head a trifle more erect."

The lady crimsoned in evident embarrassment. "I beseech you, sir, say no more. You are insulting—"

"A thousand pardons, madam. I thought I was in my studio, addressing the model who is posing for my 'Eve before the Fall."

And now the disciple of Raphael wonders why Mrs. C. acknowledges his salutations so coolly.

Incompetent Stenographers.

From Washington correspondence of a Philadelphia paper. "Speaker Carlisle appointed two stenographers to Committees of the House at a salary of $4,000 each a year, Lafferty—who is still drawpay as private secretary of the Governor of Virginia—and Welsh from Tennessee. It seems that they are not competent. Lafferty has had a sore finger all the time and did nothing, and Welshe's efforts have amounted to little. The Pan-Electric Committee has been obliged to hire an expert stenographer to report its proceedings until yesterday, when Mr. Carlisle for economy's sake detailed Welsh in his stead. To-day there is complaint of the report. For the labor bearing, Jay Gould has sent over two expert short-hand men, in order to have an accurate report of the matter." It seems strange that an incompetent stenographer should be employed at such a price when expert ones could be secured. Speaker Carlisle evidently had some interested motive in appointing the gentlemen mentioned.

People of Mixed Blood in Brazil.

There is a great difference in Brazil between a negro and a man with negro blood in his veins. In the states a man with the least bit of negro blood in his veins is regarded as a black man, but in Brazil a man with very little white blood in his veins is regarded as a white man. The people of mixed blood are intelligent, ambitious and occupy all sorts of prominent positions in business and in public life. It is not, of course, considered the "swell thing" to have negro blood in one's veins, but the offense is easily forgiven by all except the most exclusive and aristocratic of the Brazilians.

Mrs. Herman Schwartz, of Pittsburg, and four children and the servant girl, were poisoned at breakfast Wednesday morning by drinking coffee from a granite ware coffee pot. The poisoning produced cramps, and when a physician who was summoned reached the house he found all the sufferers in a deplorable condition, and an examination of the contents of the stomach revealed the fact that a poisonous soda had come off the lining of the coffee pot, and been swallowed by the victims. At last accounts all were out of danger except Mrs. Schwartz.

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Good Housekeeping.

The designs for hanging baskets offered by florists and wire makers and pottery and tile makers are very numerous and attractive. If selections are made from these be certain to choose those large enough—not less than twelve inches in diameter and six inches in depth. Fill the earth in even with the rim, and then let it rise in the center. If only one or two large plants are placed in the basket it is well to moss over the surface with lycopodium or swamp moss, for this helps keep in the moisture and saves trouble in watering. The pretty wire baskets which look like bowls of green velvet when hung in the window must be first lined with moss, and then filled in with soil, and lastly planted. Good sized cone shells will hold sufficient earth to grow vines, and are among the most graceful window baskets. The edges must be bored for wires, cords or ribbons by which the shell is suspended. Light, rich soil should be packed into shells which look delightfully if planted with the blue blossoming lobelia. The rim of gourds and scallop squashes make exceedingly pretty baskets for trailing plants. Cocoanut shells are useful and pleasing for holding mosses and creepers. The ordinary kitchen wooden bowl can be converted into an attractive basket by boring a few gimlet holes in the bottom and sides. Take a bowl that is sixteen inches in diameter and make three holes at equal distances in the edge by which to suspend it with cords. The outside of the bowl may be embellished with lichens and wood mosses, which can be applied with glue, brass, wire or little brads. Plant such a basket with bright green money wort, with the different varieties of tradescantia and soft bending grasses, and it is truly "a thing of beauty."

School Boys on a Strike.

About 100 boys of all ages, pupils of Public School, No. 34, Brooklyn, made a demand upon Principal Moore that the usual morning and afternoon recesses be extended from 15 to 30 minutes and that on Fridays the afternoon session close half an hour earlier than at present. Their demands not being acceded to the boys refused to return to the school after the morning recess and picketed the entrance to prevent others from entering. The trouble assumed such threatening proportions that the principal sent for the police and a sergeant and several officers were sent to the school. Finally the mother of the chief of ringleaders, John Archibald, arrived, and succeeded in forcing her son into the school. After young Archibald had gone in the other boys quietly marched in and no further trouble was experienced.

About half of the boys in the Eleventh ward school, Troy, struck for shorter hours Monday afternoon and refused to continue their studies. They demanded only one session a day and that to be from eight o'clock until noon. The boys held an open air mass meeting and then procuring laths and sticks, swarmed through the neighboring streets, threatening violence to pupils who did not join them. The reserve from one police station was sent to the scene to give whatever protection was necessary. The strikers tried to induce the boys in another school to follow their example.

A Witch Hazel Divining Rod.

In the year 1864, a man named Swartwood made his appearance in Mitchell county, Ind., claiming to point out buried treasures by the use of a divining rod. Abner Mills, of Urbana, Ohio, had about $50 in money, and of this sum he paid Swartwood $35 for a witch hazel rod and set out to look up buried treasures on his own account. One day after he had tramped over fields and through the woods for a month without any luck and then ten or twelve miles to the north of Salem, he sat down on the bank of a creek to rest. The rod began to point to the northwest, and after a while he followed the creek down toward the Ohio until he came to an old saw-mill in ruins. He entered this place to find the beams rotted and the roof about to fall in. As the rod refused to point to any particular corner of the building he laid it down, took off his coat, and began a search. For two hours he hunted up and down, spying in every nook and hiding place, and was about to give up the search when he discovered, on a plate between two rafters, a roll of cloth. That the roll had been there for some months was evident from its mildewed condition. When it was unrolled Mills found himself possessed of a leather wallet containing $1,600 in greenbacks, a gold watch, a locket set with diamonds, and several valuable diamonds which had evidently been removed from their settings. The entire find was worth to him over $3,000.

He—"I am going to propose, Miss Edith—" She (interruptingly)—"Oh, my! Mr. Jenkins, so sudden and in such a strange place!" He (desperately)—"I am going to propose that we stay here when the rest go to supper, because—because I've left my purse at home!"

Miscellaneous.

This double eagle, the National emblem of all the Russias, appears in this connection as the special trade-mark of the

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which is working such wonders with all Rheumatic sufferers who have ever tried it.

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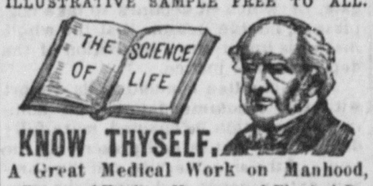

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P. S.—April 1, '86: Just Opened and placed on sale to-day, 5 Cases New Summer Silks, in which are the following: 1 Case Black and White Stripe Swiss Silks, at 25c.; 1 Case better quality, 31c.; 1 Case Colored Stripe Silk, 35c.; 2 Cases Superb Quality Summer Silks, at 50c.
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EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
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REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Ten cents a line, each insertion.

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Annual and Six Months' Contract at Special Rates

Convicts Revolt.

MONTREAL, Que., April 24.—A most startling revolt took place at St. Vincent de Paul provincial penitentiary, about fifteen miles from Montreal, this afternoon. The contest lasted for nearly two hours, and resulted in the killing of one convict, the wounding of sixteen other persons, some of whom are dying, among them the warden of the institution. The killed is Carriveau, convict; shot as he reached the top of the wall. The wounded are: Laviolette, chief warden, jaw shattered, shot through body, a third wound in the groin and a fourth in the arm. He is fatally injured. Charrand, guard, shot in the leg. Viau, French convict, fell from the ladder, injured by shock Holten, convict, shot in body. Monday, convict, shot through both arms, will die. Norman, convict, two bad wounds in body, fatally wounded. Ten other convicts badly injured.

In this penitentiary were confined about a thousand prisoners, comprising the most desperate characters in Canada. The work of the different gangs was in progress as usual yesterday afternoon, when suddenly a convict stood up in the open yard and held up one hand. It was preconcerted signal, for in an instant each gang which had been expecting the movement leaped upon their unsuspecting guard and quickly overpowered him. They took his arms from him and tied him up. Fifteen or sixteen men were thus disposed of, and then the convicts were in possession of the interior of the jail. They were also armed with the guards' revolvers and ammunition, and almost immediately had Chief Warden Laviolette a prisoner, he, too, being overpowered and tied.

The convicts then armed themselves with crow-bars and other implements and moved toward the walls to break down the gates. There were eight or nine men on the walls armed with rifles, and these few ordered the criminals back to their cells. The desperate convicts continued to advance, holding up Chief Warden Laviolette in front of them as a target. The other wardens, bound hand and foot, were used in the same way. "Never mind me, men; fire away and do your duty," shouted Chief Warden Laviolette.

The fight was conducted with great courage by the guards and by assistance which arrived from Montreal.

The cause of the revolt is not known, but the regulations of St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary are believed to have been always lax, and there have been government inquiries into the place more than once.

The death of Warden Laviolette is momentarily expected, and that of Norman and Monday is looked for before morning. It is considered remarkable that although the convicts were in possession of the interior of the penitentiary for nearly two hours not one of them escaped.

The Opinion of Lord Selborne.

LONDON, April 23.—Lord Selborne, liberal, in a letter to the *Times*, attacks certain features of Mr. Gladstone's home rule bill. He pronounces the measure hopelessly faulty from the fact that not one restriction is provided for except from the powers of the proposed Irish legislature and matter relating to the lives, liberties and properties of the queen's Irish subjects "The magistrates, the judges and police in Ireland," says Lord Selborne, "will be the servants of the Dublin government." Referring to the fact that Mr. Gladstone's measure excludes from the powers of the Irish legislature all matters relating to the army and navy, Lord Selborne says there is still no reason why a volunteer Irish army cannot be raised without passing a bill.

Lord Selborne also strongly attacks the land purchase bill. He asks, upon the ground that one hundred and fifty million pounds sterling will be required to buy out the Irish landlords, how the shares in the first million pounds provided are to be selected? and what positions those landlords who may happen to be excluded from the first sales will hereafter occupy—first, with respect to the collection of their rents, and second, with regard to prospects of being bought out at all? Does Mr. Gladstone, asks the writer, expect that these landlords will have their rents paid in the meantime? What security is there that any further government after Mr. Gladstone's will pass an act to add 100,000,000 pounds sterling to the national debt in order to do justice to the remaining landlords of Ireland, when, in the meantime the government of Ireland has passed into the hands of the nationalists and a great experiment, which has already cost 50,000,000 pounds sterling, has perhaps proven a failure. If the question is one of public honor, justice and good faith, provision ought to be made now to discharge the whole obligation; otherwise it is a cruel mockery towards the landlords."

The letter concludes with the statement that the writer is not surprised that Mr. Gladstone's friends are advising him to drop the bill altogether.

Earthquake in Central New York.

SYRACUSE, April 24.—Intelligence was received here to-day from outlying districts of the county of an earthquake shock felt here yesterday morning. Shortly before six o'clock in the village of Baldwinsville the shock was noticed by a large number of people. It lasted but a second, and was strong enough to rattle windows, chandeliers and dishes, while a slight undulating movement was felt, and timid persons were much frightened. Reports from Camillus give a similar account. The shock was generally felt, and it was unmistakably that of a slight earthquake. It was not noticed in this vicinity.

A Missouri Pacific Train Wrecked.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 26.—An incoming freight train on the Missouri Pacific railroad was wrecked at 4 o'clock this morning between Wyandotte and this city, near Kaw river bridge. Spikes had been removed from the rails on a curve, and when the train approached, the engine and four freight cars went off the track down a low embankment. The engine rolled over and stopped bottom side up, at the water's edge. Ben. Horton, fireman, and George Carlysle, brakeman, were killed outright. Engineer J. H. Fowler was thrown into the river and seriously injured. No clue as to the identity of the perpetrators of the outrage has as yet been obtained.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The following telegram was received at the office of the Missouri Pacific railroad company this morning:

ST. LOUIS, April 26, '86.

Three hundred and four freight trains, containing 5,060 loaded cars, run over the system Saturday, an increase of 89 trains and 2,883 loads over the same day last year; 283 freight trains, consisting of 4,548 loaded cars, run over the sytem yesterday, an increase of 81 trains and 1,288 cars over same day last year. At 3:30 o'clock this morning freight train No. 38 was ditched east of Wyandotte, Kansas, by spikes being pulled out of the ties, and fish-plates taken off the rails. Firemen Ben Horton and Brakeman George Carlysle were instantly killed and Engineer J. H. Fowler seriously injured. Have offered $2,500 reward for the parties who caused the wreck.

[Signed] H. M. HOXIE.

American Opinion on the Irish Question.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 26.—The Executive of the Irish National League of America has sent out the following, addressed to the editors of all leading papers in America:

"All admit the great importance of American opinion as a factor in influencing the settlement of the Irish question. As one of the means of presenting that opinion, the Irish National League proposes to make a collection of editorials from all the leading journals of America on the important measures now before Parliament, paste them into albums, and forward one copy to Mr. Parnell and one to Mr. Gladstone. With this view, may we request you to forward to the above address, by return mail, three copies of any articles that have appeared in your journal commenting on Mr. Gladstone's home rule and the land purchase bill?"

This is signed by Patrick Egan, president; Charles O'Reilly, treasurer, and John P. Sutton, secretary.

Received Their Discharge.

PITTSBURGH, April 26.—The miners at the Clarisa and Nellie works in the Connellsville region, owned by James Cochran, came out on a strike to-day for a reinstatement of three men. These three men were a committee appointed to call on Cochran on Saturday to request him to stop loading coal for the east. They called and received their discharge for their answer. The men at these works are members of the Amalgamated association. Since the great strike they have had but few grievances and peace and contentment reigned. At a meeting of the third pool of coal miners to-day it was decided to call a convention of railroad miners to be held in this city on Monday next to take some action looking to the stoppage of the shipment of coal to eastern markets.

Lively.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—A stormy meeting of the House Committee on Labor was held this morning. The Educational bill was under consideration, as it has been for some time, and some of the members who have been misrepresented in their positions on the measure charged others with giving to the press information concerning them which should have been kept secret. Some very warm words followed and a good deal of feeling shown. A motion to report the Willis bill to the House without recommendation was finally made and carried, but a motion to reconsider was immediately put, and pending a vote the committee took a recess until this afternoon. It is understood that the report on the bill will contain either adverse or no recommendation, the latter being equivalent in the minds of the committee to an adverse recommendation.

For Governor.

WILKESBARRE, April 25.—The democrats of the fourth legislative district of Luzerne county met at Hazleton Friday and chose Thomas Hart, J. B. Hutchinson and John Turnbach as delegates to the next democratic state convention. They were instructed for Eckley B. Coxe for governor.

WILKESBARRE, April 25.—The Sunday *Leader* announces ex-Judge Garrick M. Harding as a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor. He was formerly a republican but of late years has been a democrat. He is regarded as one of the leading members of the Luzerne county bar.

Confederate Memorial Day.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 26.—Confederate Memorial day was duly observed here. A procession, composed of local military and other organizations, with several hundred ex-confederates, marched to Oakland cemetery, where an address was delivered. The graves were then decorated with flowers.

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 26.—Decoration day was observed here to-day with a parade of the military, an oration at the cemetery and the decoration of the soldiers' graves.

A $55,000 Fire in Williamsport.

WILLIAMSPORT, April 26.—The large finishing and storage building of the Williamsport Furniture Manufacturing company was destroyed by fire this morning. The building was a frame, five stories high and filled with furniture, mostly unfinished. Some finished stock on the first floor was saved. Loss $55,000; insurance, $40,000. The fire is supposed to have originated from a spark from the chimney of a neighboring mill.

A Gain of $23,000,000 in Nine Months.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—During the first nine months of the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1886, there was an increase of over $7,000,000 in the revenues of the government, as compared with the corresponding period of last year, and the expenditures for the first nine months of the year were over $16,000,000 less than the expenditures for the same period last year, making a net gain of over $23,000,000.

Dry Goods.

Just in Season!

—OF—

GREAT PARTICULAR INTEREST

TO THE

LADIES!

Corsets--The finest, the best, the cheapest, the healthiest.

No. 1 Big Bargain Corset, 25c.
" 2 " " " 35c.
" 3 " " " 50c.
" 4 " " " 65c.
" 5 " " " 75c.

Thompson's Summer, or Ventilated Corset, 90c.

Thompson's R. H. Short Glove-Fitting--call and get prices.

Thompson's G. Glove-Fitting Extra Superfine Corset, $1.75.

Thompson's G. Glove-Fitting, made of English Sateen, superb fit, elegant rich style and all that embodies comfort and elegance, worth $2.50, for $1.90.

HOSIERY!

Commencing price very low.

Ladies 5 for . . . 25c.
2d quality up, 3 pr. for 25c.
3d " " 10c. a pair.
4th " " 2 pr. for 25c.
5th fine quality, good colors, 15c.
6th better quality, " 20c.
7th " " " 25c.
regular made.
8th quality, Fine Balbriggan, regular made, extra fine quality, 20c. up
9th Black Lisle Thread, good black color, no fade, 50c.

CHILDRENS HOSE!

5c. a pair up to the best

No. 2 Fine French Ribbed, Mace feet, double knees, 30c. up.

Black Lisle Thread--heavy and fine, regular made, from 15c. up.

Lots of other nice things at give away prices.

LYON & CO.,

Bellefonte, Pa. dec8 6y

The Signal Service.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Representative Anderson, of Ohio, to-day submitted to the House the report of the committee on expenditures in the war department as to the alleged illegal and unauthorized expenditure of money by the chief signal officer. The report says that the committee find that while the signal service was created for certain purposes named the law has always been silent as to the manner of conducting the details of the operations in this branch of the service, and the legislation requiring the duties named, to be performed is and has been so meagre and embraced in such general terms that many disputes have arisen in construing them; that in attempting to secure the object of the law, to-wit, "to furnish an accurate forecast of the weather," it became necessary for the chief signal officer to establish and put in motion, without precedent or guide, a system that involved no small labor.

The committee are unanimously of the opinion that whatever conclusion may have been given to the laws, that they were made in good faith with a view of reaching the end intended by Congress. While the committee do not concur in the constructions given to many of the statutes nor find in the letter of the law authority for all the expenditures made, and while of the opinion that proper economy has not always been observed, yet it is unable to find any instance where there was corrupt or fraudulent misapplication of the public moneys. The committee except from the foregoing statement about $200,000 expended by Capt. Howgate, of which it declines to take cognizance, for the reason that the whole matter is under the jurisdiction of the department of justice.

The committee concludes its report with the recommendation that additional legislation be enacted, more fully defining the duties and prescribing the scope of the signal service and thus prevent extravagance and erroneous conclusions of the laws in the future. It is especially recommended that there be some legislation more definitely specifying the manner of presenting and verifying the accounts of the signal service.

A Levee Breaks.

MEMPHIS, April 27.—At 7.30 o'clock to-night the levee just below Austin, Miss., on the east bank of the Mississippi river sixty two miles south of Memphis, broke. The break occurred in a fifteen foot high levee, three-quarters of a mile south of Austin. A force of men were employed at the time strengthening it but when it broke they ceased work. The water that will pass through this break will find its way into Beaver Dam, Yazoo Pass, Hull's Break and White Oak Bayou.

It is feared that portions of Tonica, Coahama, Quitman and Sunflower counties will suffer, which, if the worst is realized, will cause serious loss to farmers who have already planted their crops. The break was ten feet wide when the message was sent, immediately after it happened, and nothing later can be ascertained to-night. Austin is three miles from the nearest telegraph office.

Briefs.

TRENTON, April 27.—The counsel for the Reading railroad receivers to-day made application to the chancellor for an order postponing the sale of three millions' worth of securities pledged for the payment of the Central companies indebtedness when the latter road was leased. The request was denied and the securities will be sold in New York to-morrow.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 27.—Captain Alfred H. Brotherton, late captain of the brig O. B. Stillman, tried for conspiring to cast that vessel away, was today convicted. Sentence was deferred. Brown, the mate of the vessel, confessed before the first trial of Captain Brotherton. The penalty is ten years in prison and $10,000.

MCCONNELSBURG, April 27.—A man about 30 years of age, giving his name as John Young, was found in Wells' Valley last night manacled and wounded. He refused to answer any questions. He is now in Fulton county jail.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The comtroller of the currency has declared a final interest dividend of 13.04 in favor of the creditors of the Second National bank of Scranton, Pa., making in all 100 per cent. and interest in full paid on claims proven.

LONDON, April 27.—The *Daily Telegraph's* Berlin dispatch announces that Count Herbert Bismarck is ill with inflammation of the lungs.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Inspector Byrnes' men arrested thirty boycotters this morning for interfering with the business of Messrs. Cavanaugh, Landfried & Co., manufacturing clothiers, at No. 23 West Twenty-third streets. The warrants on which the boycotters were arrested were issued by Recorder Smithe.

BALTIMORE, April 27.—The strike of the railway car drivers ended to-day and for the first time for two weeks the cars of the Frick lines are running to-night. Many of the old drivers have been taken back, but the new men will not be discharged to give places to those who struck. The pay will be $1.65 for 12 hours' work, the company refusing to give $2 for which the strike was inaugurated.

CINCINNATI, O., April 27.—The report of the democratic members of the senate non-partisan committee on the election of the four senators from Hamilton county at the last October election has been printed. It gives the democratic senators a larger majority than County Clerk Dan Dalton gave them, being, however, less than 1,000 each.

SHAMOKIN, April 26.—At a meeting of miners and laborers of the Amalgamated association to-day there was a decided division of opinion whether to accept eight hours pay for eight hours labor or to demand a full days pay for eight hours work. The question was finally referred to a committee with power to act.

RICHMOND, Va., April 26.—Prohibition met with an overwhelming defeat here to-day, the election resulting in a majority of 5,681 in favor of licensing the sale of liquor.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Henry H. Bingham has been selected as the member of the congressional campaign committee from Pennsylvania.

PARIS, April 26.—It is officially announced here that Greece, yielding to the advice of France to refrain from war, will at once disarm.

News from Greece.

LONDON, April 27.—The news from Greece is conflicting. One dispatch states that France did all in her power to secure a favorable settlement for Greece, by individual mediation, but failed. It also said that France did not sign the ultimatum in which the other powers joined, ordering Greece to disarm; that she has not yet signed it, and if she eventually does sign it that fact will be communicated to Greece in a seperate note. Greece, it is averred, is arranging to seek from the powers certain concessions in return for disarming.

A Prisoner in Peril.

CLEVELAND, O., April 26.—Last night seven or eight shots were fired into the cell of Denio, alias "Fort Wayne," who is in jail here for a very serious crime. None of the bullets took effect, however, the only result being that the wretch was badly scared.

Not Yet Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Notice of the confirmation of General Rosecrans to be register of the treasury has not reached the president. Upon inquiry it is learned that the nomination is still hanging in the senate upon a motion to reconsider the vote by which it was, a few days ago, confirmed.

Higbee Won't Go.

HARRISBURG, April 23.—Rev. E. E. Higbee, superintendent of the soldiers' orphans' schools, has addressed a letter to Governor Pattison declining to accede to the request of the governor for his resignation.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Justice Meted Out.

The regular term of April court convened at 10 o'clock a. m. on Monday. Judge Furst presided, with Associate Judges Smith and Munson supporting him on the bench. The usual formularies of opening court occupied the morning session. Petitions were presented and motions heard and the constables made their returns, after which court adjourned, to meet at 2 o'clock p. m.

In the afternoon the unusually large number of jurors, witnesses and others who are interested in court assembled in the Court House and the list of Grand Jurors was called, 22 of the 24 answering to their names. Ex-County Commissioner Henry C. Campbell, of Ferguson township, was made foreman.

When the list of traverse jurors was called forty-five reported ready for duty, which is an excellent representation of the forty-eight summoned.

Applications for licenses were in order and business relating to them occupied almost the entire afternoon session of court. Some of the scenes were highly exciting. The decision of the court as to the disposition of them will not be announced until Thursday morning.

The Grand Jury reported bills as follows:

Commonwealth vs. Harry Nevil, horse stealing. True bill. Defendant plead guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Dr. Elmer Mong, f. and b. Prosecutrix, Elizabeth Woomer. True bill.

Commonwealth vs. John Fields, selling liquor without license. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $200 or costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. W. H. Musser, assault and battery. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. Lewis Nolan, cruelty to children. Bill ignored and prosecutor, Mrs. Hannah Beatty, to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Wm. C. Christian, f. and b. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50.

Commonwealth vs. "Jim" (an Italian), larceny. True bill. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay $1 fine, costs of prosecution and one year imprisonment in Western Penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Trout J. Williams and Charles Johnson, larceny, Defendants plead guilty, Johnson was sentenced to pay a fine of $1, costs of prosecution and imprisonment in Western Penitentiary for 1 year and 3 months. Williams was sentenced to pay fine of $1, costs of prosecution and imprisonment in Western Penitentiary for one year.

Commonwealth vs. Harry Nevil, horse stealing. Sentenced to three years' imprisonment in Western Penitentiary, $1 fine and costs.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel T. Friars, violation of liquor laws. True bill.

Same vs. Alice Heaton, concealing the death of a child. True bill. The case is now on trial.

—Any person going to Philadelphia for a week or so will find it to their advantage to stop at the Columbia House, 111 and 113 North Broad street. Mrs. Hutton and Miss Bible, with the assistance of the manager, Mr. Leahy, and John DeLaney, clerk, have everything so arranged that guests are accommodated and entertained in the most sumptuous way. The choicest viands are always to be found on the table, and nothing that can add to the convenience and comfort of guests is left undone. Stop there on your next trip to the city and you will be delighted with the accommodations received.

—Peaches are 25 cents a piece.

—What a brilliant accomplishment is music, and how is a family to be envied when so gifted in this acquirement as Mr. Bradley and his family! Mr. Bradley himself is certainly one of the best bassos in Bellefonte while his daughters each have excellent voices. Miss Mary Bradley has a clear, sweet and quite powerful soprano to which it is ever a delight to listen. Mrs. Bible has the best and strongest alto voice in Bellefonte, and we have never yet heard a choir in which she, if present, could not be heard distinctly, usually having to modulate her voice to accord with others.

—The curb market will be reopened next Saturday morning under the superintendence and direction of Mr. Thomas Shaughensey, street commissioner and market clerk. This will be an auspicious and welcome event. The market should have been opened two weeks ago. Now, bring forth your eggs, butter, cabbage, rhubarb, smear case, apple butter, parsnips and everything else of an edible description and we will eat, drink and be merry.

—The Brook'yn Mutual Life Insurance Company sent a check for $2,000 on Monday, in payment for insurance held by the late John Goodfellow of Mill Hall. Mr. Goodfellow, who was an employe in the axe factory, died about a month ago. It will be very acceptable to his family, who are in need of it.

—We notice in the exchanges the publication of a wedding at Williamsburg, Blair county, the bride being a Miss Emma Henderson, whose home is stated to be in Centre county. The gentleman whom she made happy is Rev. L. N. Fleck, pastor of the Rockwood Lutheran church.

—George Taul, a young man living in the vicinity of Roopsburg, who died a few days ago, was buried in the cemetery in this place Monday morning.

SPECIAL MENTION.

—A car load of men and several police, we are told, were taken to Snow Shoe on Tuesday, and work in the mines will be resumed.

All our New Woolens for the Spring and Summer season—1886—just received. Leave your order now. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Mr. Al. Dale looked quite handsome in a new suit this morning as he stepped forth to take his daily "constitutional."—a walk, we mean.

—The Grand Opening of a fine display of handsome suits (made for ladies in Bellefonte) will be on exhibition at the parlor of Madame Duncan on Tuesday evening, May 11th, Brockerhoff building, Bishop street. a24tf w1t

Bellefonte Markets

BELLEFONTE, April 26, 1886.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 86
Mixed Wheat	86
Buckwheat	40
Rye per bushel	80
Corn (shelled)	45
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	6 75
do prime to extra prime	7 00
do choice	8 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00
Flour, wholesale	4 25
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	16 00
Nova Scotia plaster	8 50

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	13
Dried currants, per lb	10
New raisins, per lb	12½
Beans per quart	6
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per piece	30
Cheese per pound	13
Country hams per pound	13
Hams, sugar cured	13
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	13
Country Bacon	8
Lard per pound	9
Eggs per doz	12
Potatoes, per bushel	60
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Country side, per lb	8
Canned tomatoes per can	12½—15
Canned corn	10—12½
Lemons per doz	25
Dried sweet corn per pound	10
Apple butter, per gal	60
Turnips, per bushel	30
Roller flour, per sack	1 61

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 1617 1y

HOUSES TO RENT at desirable rates. Apply to H. D. LANDIS. ap 27 d&w tf

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—I am now prepared to furnish the celebrated HOOSIER DRILL, and keep on on hand all repairs for same. I am also agent for the York Safe and Lock Company Safe, one of the best in the world; and have on hand Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies. Call and see me before purchasing elsewhere and save money. For quality I cannot be beaten and in price will not be undersold for corresponding goods. Call and be convinced. ap 27 d&w tf H. D. LANDIS.

A Rare Musical Event.

A special car brought the Huntingdon quartette and a company of lady vocalists from Birmingham Seminary to Bellefonte at about 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. They were met at the depot by their friends here and conveyed at once to pleasant homes to await the evening entertainment in Humes' Hall.

That delightful little hall, at 8 o'clock, contained an audience of about four hundred of the youth, beauty and culture of the town. The stage was arranged to represent a miniature Paradise. A woodland scene in the background was rendered more attractive by a profusion of potted plants and flowers grouped on both sides and in front of the stage, the only furniture on the stage being an upright piano. The hall never presented a more brilliant appearance and the votaries of music never had reason to be more abundantly satisfied.

The vocalists from Birmingham Seminary included Mrs. Parkhurst, Miss Tracy, Misses E. and D. Guy, Miss Aikens and Miss Kyle. The quartette of gentlemen from Huntingdon was composed of Messrs. Brown, Shumaker, Dobson and Dorris, accompanied by Mr. Craemer as pianist. The Bellefonte quartette was Mrs. Edmund Blanchard, Evan Blanchard, Esq., Dr. Geo. Harris and W. Fred Reynolds, Mrs. L. L. Brown presiding at the piano.

It is vain to attempt to do justice to the musical programme, which ranged in delightful variety from the simple melody to the most severely classical composition, all showing evidence of the most careful practice.

Mrs. Parkhurst, Miss Tracy and Miss Kyle possess voices of great volume and compass, and thorough culture. Quite appropriately, their numbers included the compositions most difficult of execution, but were rendered in faultless style. The Misses Guy and Miss Aikens sang very sweetly. All the singers received applause and several encores were tendered them.

The very lively and melodious songs rendered by the Huntingdon quartette were cordially received and to them was accorded the compliment of the only double encore of the evening. Their voices mingle in perfect harmony. They also make a very attractive appearance and all of them, Tuesday night, were in full dress, bearing themselves very gracefully.

Of course, the Bellefonte singers were excellent and rendered their songs with a sweetness and power for which they are well known.

The concert lasted about two hours, during which the large audience listened with the most appreciative attention and were loth to leave when the delightful feast of song was concluded.

Arrivals at the Garman House on Monday.

As will be clearly shown by the following list of arrivals on Monday at the Garman House, that hotel does an immense business during court week:

F. C. Bullock, A. B. Rue, Mrs. Rue, Miss Anna Lucas, Snow Shoe; James Henderson, Benner; J. R. Burd, Samuel Condo, Rebersburg; Scott Proull, L. M. Carpenter, Hannah Beaty, John A. Lehr, Mike Tidings, Jos. Anderson, Geo. Shaw, L. B. Row, Peter Ashcroft, Geo. Wirt, Jeffey Hayes, John Ramsdale, Philipsburg; F. P. Musser, S. K. Faust, Millheim; W. S. Miller, Emil Harter, Rebersburg; W. G. Rook, Millheim; James I. Kunes, W. F. Courter, Geo. W. Long, James I. DeLong, Eagleville; H. J. McDowell, S. H. Bennison, Walker; W. W. Spangler, Daniel Bitner, Jra N. McCloskey, Eagleville; J. N. Gast, Lock Haven; H. E. Holtzworth, B. W. Shipley, Fleming; E. W. Hugett, Linden Hall; Robt Mowery, Millheim; L. J. Bing, Jas. Bing, Jas. Barton, W. E. Keen, Fleming; J. M. Rider, Jr., J. W. Rider, Sr., Gatesburg; James Redding, Snow Shoe; Geo. E. Rider, Jacob Robinson, Maringo; A. B. Musser, J. G. Geary, Fleming; John Kennedy, Sandy Ridge; S. C. Brickley, Curtin; John Malhollen, Pine Glenn; Geo. Smith, Gregg; J. C. Harper, City; J. F. Schank, Howard; Fred Freze, Geo. Harnish, Snow Shoe; Fred Kurtz, Centre Hall; T. F. Moyer, Rebersburg; J. C. Leathers, Mt. Eagle; W. F. Hanscom, Mary Hanscom, Moshannon; John Muloney, Tyrone; James Beaty, Philipsburg; T. F. Martin, Altoona; John Bowder, Johnstown; D. F. Shope, Boggs; W. T. Ardrey, Geo. Solt, Snow Shoe; Howard Moore, Mrs. Moore, Robert Cook, Howard; Mrs. John Delaney, Snow Shoe; J. A. Woodling, Aaronsburg; D. C. Keller, Mrs. D. C. Keller, Centre Hall; H. R. Fish, H. R. Fish, Jr., Williamsport; J. H. Ross, Linden Hall; Mitch Leathers, John Confer, Snow Shoe; W. B. Kockey, Williamsport; J. T. Merriman, Fowler; H. W. Deifenderfer, Cowan; Mrs. Beaty, Philipsburg; Rush Rhoads, Snow Shoe; T. S. Delong, Romola; Wm. Hastings, Guyer; Elias Breon, Rebersburg; Judge J. R. Smith, Pine Grove; J. R. Rearick, C. M. Palmer, J. A. Grenoble, W. A. Brown, J. M. Weiland, Spring Mills; Henry Walker, Snow Shoe; J. A. Koller, Philadelphia; Simon Curley, Philipsburg; B. F. Brown, Boalsburg; J. C. Miller, Spruce Creek; Geo. B. Partle, Petersburg; David Shaffer, Andrew Immel, Madisonburg; B. F. Hunter, Fillmore; George A. Leudlow, Wellsboro; H. G. Shaffer, Spring Mills; John I. Miles, Julian; O. L. Schonover, Philipsburg.

—Rev. J. F. Delong delivered his farewell sermons in the Reformed church on Sunday.

—United States Senator John I. Mitchell, who has been at his home in Wellsboro about one month, is in about the same condition as he was when he went there. His friends manifest some concern as to his recovery. The weather has been so bad in Northwestern Pennsylvania that Mr. Mitchell has not been able to take open air exercise, as recommended by his physicians. His friends think that a complete change of climate and scene is necessary in order to make an improvement in his health. It is not likely that he will be able to take any active part in the legislation of the present session unless some decided change in his condition should become manifest.

—In order that no embarrassing errors may occur we are requested to make an explanation regarding the installation of the Knights Templar Thursday evening. Many persons imagine that one invitation accompanied by only *one* card to be presented at the door entitles *two* persons to admission, and that a gentleman receiving only one card may also take a lady who may have received none. This is a mistake. Seats have been provided only for those to whom cards have been sent, and are limited by the number of cards issued.

—Charters were issued in the State Department, at Harrisburg, on Monday morning as follows: National Pulverizing company of Philadelphia, $100,000 capital, Hermad Albrecht, treasurer; Elizabeth Gas company of Pittsburg, capital $15,000; Clymer Water company of Indiana and Clymer Water company of West Indiana, each with a capital of $10,000.

—By degrees the average Lock Haven-ite looses his interest in good things, and accordingly we hear that the *Daily Democrat* editor and other demoralized residents of that town, are allowing their love for the "Salvation army" to wane and disappear.

—The new grocery of A. C. Moyer & Brother (formerly Geo. E. Lewis) will be an attractive place, as the room is to be handsomely painted and kalsomined and made more convenient.

Shot in the Neck.

A young lady of Lock Haven sat near a window, sewing, when her brother lounged into the room and reposed his manly form on the sofa.

"Bud," said our heroine, looking up from her work, "papa says that Frank was on a jamboree last night. What did he mean?" and a deep blush mantled her seraphic countenance as she spoke of the man she loved.

"A jamboree, sis," was the answer, "is a tare."

"A tare?" she inquired, with a puzzled look in her starry eyes; "what is a tare?"

"Why, it is a bender."

"I cannot understand you."

"Well, then, sis, he meant to say that Frank had it up his snoot."

"Why, Bud, you have forgotten how to speak English? What is the use of perplexing me in this way?"

"Well, to be plain, then, he was corked—corned, you know."

"No, I don't know. Do tell me what was the matter?"

"I have told you. Frank had too big a fly in his lemonade, and it made him how come you so; or, in other words, he was half-seas over."

"Half-seas over?"

"Yes. Three sheets in the wind, you see."

"But what makes you so provoking? That kind of talk is all Hebrew to me. What did happen to dear Frank?"

"Didn't I tell you? Didn't I just as much as say that he was shot in the neck, and—

"Shot in the neck! Oh! I know it killed him! Oh, Frank! Frank! O! O! O!" and after a succession of wild piercing shrieks that might have been heard in Beech Creek, our heroine began to lay her plans for catching a beau in another quarter.

Genuine Novelties.

A white camel's hair gown trimmed with rows of black and silver braid is a novelty.

Many of the new jackets are made with close fitting back and loose or half loose front.

The old-fashioned idea of using a sage leaf or two on the teeth at each brushing has come up again. Sage is said to whiten the teeth, and is a very aromatic substitute for tooth powder.

The new foulards are stamped with fine designs. Heliotrope and red grounds will have bunches of small mushrooms and ferns as well as many other tiny designs. The great novelty at present is shaded Silicienness and velvets. They range from the darkest to the lightest hues.

Printed cashmeres and the old-fashioned mousteines de laine are in the market again, and vie with the zephyr cloths in prettiness.

A pink tulle ball dress lately made in Paris for a young bride is trimmed with silver oats.

"Well, tell us what your policy is anyhow?" said a bystander to Congressman Muller. "My bolicy?" retorted the Congressman, excitedly. "Don't you know my bolicy already? My bolicy is for specious bayment on a gold pasis!"

The Revised Decalogue.

The following is dedicated by a workman to an unpopular boss, and is published by request:

I. Thou shalt have no other Boss but me.

II. Thou shalt not make thyself any comforts or the likeness of anything to thine own interest, neither on the earth above nor the pit below, thou shalt bow down to me and worship me, for I have all power over thee and I am a zealous Boss. I will show thee no mercy, but will endeavor to make thee keep all my commandments.

III. Thou shalt not take my name in vain at any time, and above all things not speak evil of me after working hours, or I shall discharge thee for some other make-appear damning cause.

IV. Thou most work from 6.20 a. m. to 6.15 p. m., six days in the week, with all thy might and strength, and do all that I desire of thee; but on the seventh day thou shalt stay at home and do no manner of work, but thou shalt do all thou canst to recruit thy exhausted strength for my service on Monday morning.

V. Thou shalt honor me, that thy days may be few and short, for I shall not want thee when thou gettest old, so if thou livest long thou wilt have to spend thy latter days on the county farm, as I surely will not employ thee.

VI. Thou shalt not belong to ny labor society or organization, whether it be for social purposes or not, for it is against thy will.

VII. Thou shalt always speak well of me, although I oppose thee and continue to cut thy wages from 8 to 15 per cent. Thou shalt be content if I only find thee work and pay thee only eighty-eight cents per day, and advise thee to save one-half of it. At no time shalt thou find fault with my so doing, for I am thy Boss, and love to command thee.

VIII. Thou shalt starve and go cold and naked. If it is anything to my interest, thou shalt earn the money to pay my salary, and furnish my home with all the comforts of life.

IX. Thou shalt keep away from all places where anything to thine own interest may be advocated. Nor shalt thou at any time protest against a reduction of wages nor leave my employ on account of the same, as I shall never forgive thee nor ever hereafter adopt thee in any part of my kingdom. Thou shalt not have any newspapers about as they oftentimes publish the truth and I thy Boss desire to keep thee in ignorance all the days of thy life.

X. Thou shalt not covet thy Boss's money, nor his comforts, nor his luxuries, nor anything that is his. Thou shalt not covet my position, thou shalt not covet my salary, though I get eleven dollars and sixty-six and one-third cents per day and thee eighty-eight cents; thou shalt not object to anything as I want to reign over thee and tyranize over thee, and keep thee in bondage all the days of thy life.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post-office at Bellefonte, Centre county, April 19th, 1886:

William Akeley, Miss Lizzie Brian, Miss Nettie M. Bell, L. Berg, Richard Gunsallus, Miss Laura E. Halderman, Mrs. Laura Harris, Miss Cora Karns, Miss Phoebe Miller—2, Miss Libbie J. Noll, Miss Kate O'Neil, Mollie J. Potter Lydia E. Smith, Mrs. Sallie Stover, Effa L. Whippo.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

It is now asserted that the cyclone which recently blew away Helena, Ark., was the out-growth of the strike and that it was directly the work of the Knights of Labor. Several arrests are said to have been made. The affair should receive a thorough investigation.

Medical.

THE WONDER

Is becoming universal as to how such an immense sale could be created in Lowell for HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA. But, my friend, if you could stand behind our counter a week and hear what those say who are using it, the reason would appear as clear as the noon-day sun. The real curative power of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA demonstrates itself in every case where *our directions* are faithfully regarded. We would that we might get before the people a fractional part of the confidence that is expressed to us every day in this medicine by those who have carefully noted (without prejudice) its effects upon the blood and through that upon the whole system, stimulating all the functions of the body to perform the duties nature requires of them. Try a bottle and satisfy yourself.

Cold Hands and Feet.

LOWELL, Feb. 3, 1879.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gentlemen—About one year ago my daughter commenced taking your Sarsaparilla. At that time she had very little appetite; could take no long walks, and her face was badly broken out with a humor. She was low-spirited; troubled with cold hands and feet; her blood seemed to be poor, and she was in a condition which caused us great anxiety. After taking one bottle of your Sarsaparilla she began to improve; and she now has a good appetite and can take much longer walks. Her humor is nothing compared with what it was one year ago. She is in better spirits, is not troubled with cold hands and feet as previously. And I attribute this improvement in her condition largely to your Sarsaparilla. She has taken six bottles, and intends to continue its use. I was inclined to oppose the trial of it at first. I now have great faith in it as a blood purifier. Very truly yours,

A. L. HINCKLEY,
No. 264 Broadway, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all druggists. Price $1; or six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

H. K. Hicks & Bro., Hardware and Stoves.

OUR CUSTOMERS

Express themselves as being well pleased with our

NEW SYSTEM OF DOING BUSINESS,

And as we are also pleased it is not likely that we shall ever do a

Big Profit and Long Credit

BUSINESS AGAIN.

Our terms are Cash, and positively not over thirty days to responsible parties.

Any farmer that is worthy of credit can borrow money at 6 per cent. and then pay the merchant cash, and save at least 20 per cent., and then if you buy goods at a cash store you don't pay for another man's credit. We have proven beyond question that you can save money by paying cash. A credit store can talk about selling their CASH CUSTOMERS cheap, but they can't do it, and a person with ordinary intelligence knows they can't, and any one that don't know why they can't, we can enlighten them upon the subject. Our experiment has been a success; who knows it better than our customers? We have a Large and Complete Stock for the SPRING TRADE.

Orders mailed or telephoned will be shipped promptly.

H. K. HICKS & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Hardware, Stoves, Paints,

OILS, GLASS, AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

New Advertisements.

FINE FARM FOR SALE?

Located six miles east of Bellefonte, on the Jacksonville road. The farm contains

120 ACRES,

one hundred acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation; the balance in timber. It also contains

2 FRUIT-BEARING ORCHARDS,

and there are on the premises an excellent two story

FRAME HOUSE,

Bank Barn and all the necessary outbuildings. There is a good pump at the door. The farm will be sold on

EASY TERMS.

For further particulars, address H. J. TIBBENS, executor of the estate of SAMUEL VONADA, at Bellefonte, or apply to J. L. SHAFFNER, on the premises. 18-17-6m

GODEY'S LADY BOOK

—AND THE—

Republican

Both for one Year, $3.50.

Each month for 1886 GODEY'S LADY BOOK, "the old reliable magazine," will contain a beautifully engraved frontispiece illustrations of prevailing fashions in colors and black and white, designs of the latest novelties in fancy work in colors or black and white, of Berlin work, crochet, drawn-thread work, embroidery, knitting, knotting or macrame, lace, netting, poonah painting and tatting, with complete instruction for the same. In addition to plain directions and perfect illustrations of the various stitches, and illustrations in different kinds of fancy work, the magazine will contain many useful and elegant designs for a great variety of articles not affected by changes of fashion. It is so admirably adapted to its purpose as to be indispensable to the work-table of every lady. A beautiful steel engraving, size 12¾ x 15¾, given to each subscriber. A full size cut paper pattern, of which you can make your own selection from any design illustrated in the magazine, free of cost. Exhaustive notes on Fashions, with full description of those illustrated, a department of recipes that have been practically tested before publication, a department on Housekeeping and Dressmaking, two pages of select music, an architectural design, a department of agriculture, besides novels, novelettes, stories, history, biographical sketches, poetry, notes on music, art, literature, scientific miscellany and current events of the day by the best magazine writers. The mechanical production of the book will excel that of any other $2.00 magazine published. The twelve books during the year will constitute a volume of over one thousand pages. Price $2.00. A sample copy, 15 cents. Liberal terms to club raisers.

Address,
GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,
P. O. Box H. H., Philadelphia.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of John Shannon, deceased. Letters of administration, d. b. n., on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them without delay.

C. P. HEWES,
17 16 6t Administrator.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED.—A good, reliable woman, between the age of 30 and 35, to act in the capacity of nurse in a small family with two young children. For further information call or address,
ap17 6t—2tw REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Peter Wilson, late of Spring Mills, Centre county, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present the same without delay.

Executors, { JAMES D. WILSON, 848 West 37th Street, New York City. JOHN F. WILSON, Tyrone, Pa.
18 13 6t

SNYDER SISTERS' returned from the city

SATURDAY, APRIL 24,

with the largest assortment of Millinery ever brought to this town from New York and Philadelphia. Opening of FINE PATTERN GOODS APRIL 30th. Citizens of Bellefonte and Centre county are invited to call and examine goods. No. 9 Bishop street, opposite Jacobs' bakery.
a30 d1w-w6

New Furniture Store.

Now open with the most complete stock of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

IN THE COUNTY.

The stock is all new and personally selected from the leading manufacturing centres.

Prices the Very Lowest.

All Goods Guaranteed as Represented.

Repairing Promptly Done.

J.C.BRACHBILL,

High Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Near P. R. R. Depot. 18 11tf

MAKE MONEY!

Fortunes are daily made by successful operators in Stocks, Grain and Oil.

These investments frequently pay from $500 to $2,000 dollars or more on each $100 invested.

Address for circulars,
WILLIAM E. RICHARDS,
Banker and Broker,
m29 d & w 3m 38, 40 & 42 Broadway, New York

Groceries and Provisions.

NEW GOODS

FOR THE

SPRING TRADE

Fresh arrivals every day

FINE FLORIDA ORANGES.
BRIGHT NEW LEMONS.
CHOICE WHITE GRAPES.
NEW CROP FRENCH PRUNES.
FIGS, DATES AND PRUNELLES.
FINEST CLUSTER RAISINS.
PRESERVED CITRON.
LEMON PEEL.
CURRANTS and BAKING RAISINS.
EVAPORATED PEACHES & PEARS
ALMONDS and ASSORTED NUTS.
AN EXCEPTIONALLY FINE LINE OF PURE CONFECTIONERY AT CITY PRICES.
CLEAR CANDY TOYS.
MOLASSES CANDY (or TAFFY) MADE BY OURSELVES. ALWAYS FRESH.
CALIFORNIA FRUITS. Canned and Evaporated.
PURE HONEY in pint and quart jars.
NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, roller process.
CRANBERRIES, Sound and Firm.
PLAIN & FANCY CRACKERS.
FINEST FULL CREAM CHEESE.
PURE SUGAR TABLE SYRUPS.
A FULL LINE OF NEW CANNED GOODS.
PURE WHITE ROCK CANDY in half gallon and one gallon cans.
PURE MAPLE SYRUP in quart and half gallon cans.
FINE, FRAGRANT TEAS.
PURE SPICES. You can depend on our ground pepper for butchering purposes. It is strictly pure.
FRESH SHELL OYSTERS opened to order.

ALL OUR STOCK IS NEW AND FRESH.

CALL ON US FOR ANYTHING YOU WANT IN OUR LINE

SECHLER & CO.,

GROCERS,

Bush House Block Bellefonte, Pa.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Bad for Railroad Officials.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., April 23.—Jno W. Hayes, a member of the executive board of the Knights of Labor arrived here last evening. Mr. Hayes says he was at Hurst's hotel in St. Louis when the shooting at the Cohekia creek bridge in East St. Louis occurred. He crossed the Mississippi and was on the scene as soon as possible and was engaged from 3 o'clock to 7.30 p. m., with other Knights of Labor in endeavoring to get the fearfully excited people quieted down. Hayes says: "This uncalled for massacre was instigated by railroad authorities. They knew that they could not get the help of the state militia to run their roads until some overt act of violence was committed. They, therefore, got together a gang of St. Louis roughs who brought on the trouble of the 9th inst., and the governor of Illinois then ordered the militia on the scene."

He further says that the lawyers employed by the Knights of Labor have now in their possession ample evidence to convict prominent officials of the Louisville and Nashville road of instigating the riot. The general executive board have just called a special session of the general assembly to meet in Cleveland on May 25, to take action upon the great questions brought up by the recent numerous strikes and boycotts, and an endeavor will be made to prevent in the future any such uprisings as are now in progress without the authority of the general assembly.

Furniture Factory Burned.

CHICAGO, April 22.—A. H. Andrews & Co., suffered a great loss this morning by reason of a fire. It occurred at an early hour in the school-furniture factory at Desplaines and Polk streets, and the loss is estimated at $100,000. At 4.45 o'clock the watchman discovered smoke issuing from the boiler room. A hasty examination showed that the blaze had originated under the boiler. An alarm was turned in immediately followed by a second. But the flames spread through the building—a four story brick—with lightning-like rapidity. The whole stock was of such a character as to make the structure a blazing furnace inside of twenty minutes.

Each floor was piled up with wood ready to be made into furniture, stock already constructed, oils, varnish and other such inflammable material, and the work of destruction was rapid. In one hour's time nothing was left of the building but the walls and a mass of debris is lying in the basement. It was not until 7 o'clock that the fire was extinguished and two engines were left to play on the ruins. The firm has been having a controversy with its workmen regarding hours and wages.

British Troops Whipped.

LONDON, April 21.—Advices from Mandalay state that the British forces have sustained a severe defeat in Burmah. The expedition sent to subdue the Kachyen tribe met the enemy some miles northeast of the city. The British hastily entrenched themselves among some rocky hills and got their mule batteries and other light artillery into position for an attack on the Kachyens, who were massed on the plain, in a less advantageous position than the British but with vastly superior numbers. Before the fire from the British guns could be made effective the rebels charged in full force upon the entrenchments. The rush was so desperate and the force of the attacking party so overwhelming that they soon carried the slight breastworks and charged right up to the muzzles of the guns. The British fled, and are now on their way to Mandalay whence reinforcements have been sent to their relief. The rebels have captured the Meegandet police station. They bound the garrison with cords and massacred twenty-three persons.

Strikers Make Bad Work.

HUNTER'S POINT, L. I., April 22.—The strikers of Haneryear's sugar refinery company at Queen Point began rioting this afternoon. The police were called out in full force and with clubs attacked the rioters, but were over powered by the strikers. The latter were armed with sticks, bricks, stones, etc. Three policemen, Patrolemen Gerker, Delaney and Gallagher, of the Seventh precinct, were seriously injured and taken to the hospital. One striker, name unknown, a German, was also seriously injured, being clubbed about the head. He was also taken to the hospital. Several pistol shots were fired but no one was injured as far as is known. The strikers attacked a loaded wagon and threw barrels of sugar into the street. As evening came on everything became quiet in the vicinity of the works, a cordon of police keeping the striking laborers at a safe distance.

The Turco-Grecian War Begun.

LONDON, April 22.—The first gun of the Turco-Grecian war has been fired and the Turks are the aggressors. On Tuesday night a body of troops drawn from the Turkish outposts attempted to surprise a force of Greeks, who had been engaged during the previous day in erecting earthworks upon territory which is alleged to be within the neutral belt, which neither side has a right to occupy. The attack was smartly repulsed by the Greeks. In their retreat the Turks abandoned two field pieces which fell into the hands of the pursuers. The Greeks, at the end of the pursuit, occupied and entrenched themselves in three positions, which were clearly upon Turkish territory. The Greek government has ordered them to immediately evacuate these positions and to return to Greek territory. The disposition at Athens is to minimize the occurrence and treat it as an unauthorized affair of outposts, for which no reprisal is to be attempted.

Referred to a Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—In the house the president's message on the labor troubles gave rise to a short but interesting discussion in which the message was warmly commended by Randall, of Pennsylvania; McCreary, of Kentucky, and others. It was finally referred to the committee on labor, with instructions to report upon it on or before the 15th of May.

A Mill Destroyed.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 21.—In ten minutes this morning the merchant mill of the Pennsylvania steel works at Steelton was completely destroyed by fire, involving a loss of about $30,000. The mill was an immense wooden structure, with iron roof, 100 feet wide by 400 feet long. At 3.30 o'clock this morning there were 312 men at work. A boy who wanted to fill his torch with oil, went to the pump house for that purpose, and while thus engaged the torch exploded and the lad tried to stamp out the flames. In doing so he scattered the blazing oil and fire, which was communicated to the barrel of oil which stood under the belt that runs from the pump house to the main mill and furnished the motive power for the machinery.

The flames shot up from the burning oil barrel and set the oil saturated belt on fire, and in an instant the moving belt dragged a trail of fire into and clear across the mill, communicating flame to whatever it touched and making a display of fire works that was gorgeous but costly. The whole thing was the work of a minute—less, probably, and while the whirling belt went moving along the draft fanned the flames high and the entire interior of the mill was soon ablaze. The hundreds of men at work were so dumbfounded at the rapidity of the fire that they could not act, but it is a question whether any action could have resulted in good. The loss is about $30,000, principally on the building. The machinery was not damaged much. The boiler house and pump house were not damaged to any great extent, but the pump house will need a new roof.

Major Bent, the superintendent of the works, says that the greatest damage is in the stoppage of the work, as there are large orders ahead, and the demand for the merchant mill products is constant and increasing. He thinks, however, the mill will be again in operation in about a month. The flames this morning had hardly died out before a large force of men were put to work removing the charred remains and getting out the machinery from beneath the debris. The merchant mill was built three years ago, and quickly assumed an importance in the various departments of the works. Its work has been steady and the mill never lacked for orders. It was run night and day, and gave employment to a large number of men. These, however, will not lose much by the temporary suspension, as they will be kept at other employment until the new mill is ready.

Terrible State of Affairs at Stry.

VIENNA, April 21.—The condition of affairs at Stry among the people who lost their homes by the great fire is most pitiable. Most of the victims are without food or means, and are rendered desperate by the thought of starvation. The farmers in the vicinity have been visited by mobs of men who have first demanded food, and then, if refused, stole it. Owners of farms are now compelled to barricade their houses as the only way to guard them from being plundered of food by the mob, which, on account of hunger, is becoming uncontrollable. Numerous struggles for food, resulting in bloodshed, have taken place.

All the public archives and registers of Stry were lost in the fire. It will be necessary to ask grants of money from the Limbeog diet and the Reichsrath to relieve the distress of the thousands of people. The search for the remains of persons who lost their lives during the conflagration has been proceeding as rapidly as the circumstances would allow. Thus far sixty-eight bodies, charred so as to make recognition difficult, have been taken from the ruins. There have been twenty deaths in the fields since Sunday of invalids, young and old, who were take out of the town to escape the flames.

The Elevator Took a Tumble.

CHICAGO, April 22.—One of the elevators on the board of trade building fell from the sixth story to the basement this morning just at the opening of the morning session. The elevator left the ninth story on its downward trip, stopping at each floor until it reached the sixth. Here a large crowd got on, packing it to its fullest capacity. It proceeded downward at its usual speed to the next story, when something crashed and the elevator shot downward, landing on the iron work and masonry between the first floor and basement with a terrible noise. The elevator was hoisted to the exchange floor and the occupants helped out. No one was hurt, and beyond being covered with dust and badly scared no harm was done. It was noticed, however, that when the occupants were helped out they each heaved a deep sigh of relief and took a seat in the nearest corner till the color in their faces returned.

Briefs.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 22.—Counsel for the Philadelphia and Reading railroad company presented a petition to Judge McKennan in the United States circuit court to-day asking that authority be granted to issue a million of the second series of five per cent. bonds. Judge McKennan declined to make an order in the case, saying he did not approve of any further issues of bonds at present.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The disputed Monongahela clause of the river and harbor bill was again discussed in the house to day. As finally agreed upon the clause appropriates one hundred and twenty-one thousand two hundred dollars for the improvement of the river, provided no charge or tolls shall be collected on any commerce on said river originating above the works herein appropriated for.

PITTSBURG, April 22.—A West Newton, Pa., special says: While Mrs. Albert Noff was planting vegetables in the garden this morning the house caught fire and her four children were terribly, perhaps fatally, burned.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The senate has confirmed the nominations of E. T. Ross, as governor of New Mexico, and W. S. Rosecrans as register of the treasury.

Thousands of able men fall early in life for purely physical reasons. They are not torpid but their liver is, and the liver blocks the way. They are bilious, yellow skinned, headachy and miserable, all because that great gland declines to do its work. The medicine that can restore to this great organ its natural power will add one hundred per cent. to the available force of the world. We know of but one thing able to do this—Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Consumption cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suff ring, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 17 46 1y

Treasurer's Sale.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS FOR TAXES for 1884 and 1885.

Agreeable to the provisions of law relating to the sale of unseated tracts of land for the non payment of taxes, notice is hereby given that there will be exposed at public sale or outcry, the following tracts of unseated lands in the county of Centre for the taxes due and unpaid thereon, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on

MONDAY, JUNE 14, A. D. 1886,

at one o'clock p. m.

Acres.	Per	Warrantee.	Taxes.
		BENNER TOWNSHIP.	
50		Coon, Andrew	$ 4 19
58		Homes, Robert	3 20
120		Hale, J M	6 72
50		Harris J D	4 19
100		Shugart J D	5 66
30		Unknown	2 51
		BOGGS TOWNSHIP.	
395	112	Cochran, John	34 50
397	145	Carscadden, D	45 4
143		Deal, Abu (part)	16 10
418	42	Hood, William	49 43
		BURNSIDE TOWNSHIP.	
415		Black, James	14 94
433	163	Brady, Robert	15 57
433	163	Brady, Wm P	15 8
433	163	Brady, John	15 57
434	163	Bell, Alexander	1 58
415		Boyd, John	14 94
438	163	Bell, William	15 57
433	163	Cook, William	15 58
433	163	Cowden, John	7 2
433	163	Dewart, William	7 8
433	163	Dewart, John	7 82
35	163	Donnelly, Henry	7 82
433	164	Gray, Robert	7 82
433	163	Gray, William	7 82
438	163	Greeves, Alex	15 57
433	163	Grant, Thomas	7 82
433	163	Gobin Charles	7 82
433	163	Hall, Charles	15 72
140		Harris, Henry	15 14
433	162	House, John	7 82
438	165	Kidd, John	15 57
415		Levy, Nathaniel	14 94
433	163	Lyon, John	7 82
200		Miller, William	7 20
433	163	Morris, Joseph	15 57
214	83	Parker, Jeremiah, ½ of	7 50
433	163	Snader, Henry	7 82
433	163	Scott, Samuel	15 57
435	163	Towers, James	15 57
415		Thomas, Joseph	14 94
415		Wallace, Joseph S	14 94
433	163	Wallace, Joseph	15 57
415		Weitzel, John	7 48
123		Wheeler, Henry	4 41
432	163	Wilson, Bird	15 57
204		Withington, Martin	7 37
		CURTIN TOWNSHIP.	
309	19	Atwood, N L	46 50
300		Atwood, N L	62 00
50		Brooks, Jesse	12 0
415		Brook, Jesse	7 00
119		Carskadon, D	21 60
200	120	Carskadon, D	24 00
237		Coats, Lindley	60 0
311		DeHass, Peter, ½ of	59 97
415		Eddy, Esther	4 9
311		Evans, Cadwallader	55 97
415		Elliot, Wm	120 00
415		Gilbert, William	120 00
434	120	Hall, Charles	2 00
60		Hallowell, Ed	12 00
203		Irwin, James	60 00
403		Kelso, Rebecca	72 00
380¾		Kelso, Joseph	68 00
400		Long, J B	96 0
207½		Lowns, Caleb	60 00
207½		Longstreth, Isaac	60 00
67½		Lowns Caleb	49 0
207½		Longstreth, Isaac	60 00
70		Mason, John S	16 80
200		Meyer, Philip	60 00
100		Meyer, Simon	30 00
420	48	Meyer, Michael	120 0
420		Meyer, Valentine	120 00
196		Miller, James	47 00
200		Palmer, John	6 20
415		Taylor, Joseph	37 20
415		Walz, Jacob	72 40
5		Winter, Casper	120 00
160		Willis, Jonathan	17 00
433	163	White, James	159 00
		FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.	
100		Olive, James	8 20
150		A Barton Sloat, (owner)	12 30
		GREGG TOWNSHIP.	
60		Carson, Andrew	1 41
150		Cowden, John	3 51
178	127	Carson, Andrew	1 00
130		Duncan, David	12 22
250		Hepburn, William	5 88
380		Hahn, Bernard	8 91
53	63	Hahn, William	4 70
52		John McClintock (owner)	1 22
		HAINES TOWNSHIP.	
350		Antis, Henry	7 58
242	60	Barr, Thomas	5 02
250	60	Barr, James	5 20
259	60	Barr, Mary	5 38
87		Barron, John	1 78
154		Beck, Henry	3 16
344	16	Bolinder, John	7 06
334	60	Bolinder, Henry	6 92
325	60	Bolinder, Frederick	6 68
3 3	60	Bolinder, Adam	6 40
135		Cowl, H B	2 76
192	163	Epler, Peter	7 4
438		Epler, Andrew	9 28
181		Fees Jacob	8 70
262	40	Gilman, H & S Snyder	5 88
253		do	5 20
435		Hall, Charles	8 82
437	108	Hartman, John	8 98
267	60	Lucks, Mary	2 60
418	89	Kreamer, George	8 50
200		Parker, William	4 10
300	60	Swineford, Albright	6 18
170	270	Stover & Weiss	8 6
337	123	Snyder, Catharine	5 08
200		Snyder, Catharine	4 10
88		Tidd, William	1 94
405		Simon Weiss	8 34
110		J G Meyer	2 24
100		George Fowler	2 06
106		Methias Workman	2 16
206		James Black	4 04
144		Peter Back	2 94
135		H B Cowley	2 78
458		Epler, Adam	8 8
395	80	William Tidd	8 08
368		Philip Geb	7 54
209		Wendell Grove	4 20
25		Calvin M Hayes	2 5
400		Joseph Henry	8 20
173		Robert McElroth	3 58
327		Samuel Metzgar	6 7
162		John Metz	3 36
120		Daniel Rhodes	2 49
442		David Scribner	9 17
388		George Seidel	8 05
303		Peter Seidel	6 27
388		Philip Seidel	8 05
423		E H Scribner	8 76
243		George Snyder	5 02
15		Joseph Thompson	32
446		Henry Spiker and C Weiser	9 25
196		Award	3 05
209		Catharine Snyder	4 15
18		Castoras Thomas	37
		HALFMOON TOWNSHIP.	
400	120	Jolliff, Richard	56 00
216		Lamburn, Josiah	30 29
51		Shearer, Isaac	98
24		John T Fowler, (owner)	1 44
63	89	John T Fowler, (owner)	3 81
67	76	John T Fowler	4 00
		HARRIS TOWNSHIP.	
195		Fisher, J C	3 81
133		Fox, George	2 72
400		Forces, James	3 90
400		Harrison, William	3 90
50		Irwin, John	26
400		Patterson, Robert	3 90
400		Reed, James	3 90
407	92	Wharton, Kearney	4 37
		HOWARD TOWNSHIP.	
107	104	Brown, Samuel	4 70
217		Bonham, Sarah	1 17
154		Green, Joseph	13 53
25		Graysburg, Joseph	1 10
215		Godfrey, Martha	4 73
415		Godfrey, Martha	9 13
55		Harris, James	3 59
180		Lingle, J J	1 44
160		Wills, Jonathan	7 52
50		White & Nestlerode	3 30

Treasurer's Sale.

Acres.	Per.	Warrantee.	Taxes.
		HUSTON TOWNSHIP.	
433	163	Baxter, James	9 20
200	11	Chancellor, Wm	4 40
120		Kuhn, Adam	10 20
433	163	Price, John	9 19
433	163	Rollington, John	9 9
102		J C Wason (owner)	4 29
		LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.	
50		Carskaddon, D	42
80		Gorrell Wm	1 31
166		Hayes, Robert and James	18 91
75		Hess, George D	7 16
209	3	Irwin, Robert	23 48
250		Jackson, John	4 25
110		Jackson, Jeremiah	11 78
200		Krouse, Daniel	3 40
30		King, Thomas	34
180		Lytle, Peter	3 80
150		Lytle, Peter	3 80
400		Leech, Mathew	1 70
400		Leech, Mathew	1 70
½ of 200		Nestlerode, Christ	1 70
30		King, Thomas	34
400		Packer, Job W	8 60
175		Quigly, James A	6 70
349		Smith, Christian	13 76
80		Smith Robert	68
100		Potter, John	4 00
1 8		Shaw & Lingle	3 16
		MARION TOWNSHIP.	
42	66	Corman, John	1 43
31		Decker, Adam	7 38
17		Lewis, Thomas	2 89
20		Lucas Thomas	16
50		William Tilghman (owner)	10 20
19		Isaac Frain (owner)	4 15
28		John Zeigler (owner)	7 14
60		Yarger, Simon	3 06
60		Yarger, Simon	3 06
½ of 199		Zantzinger, Paul	4 52
		MILES TOWNSHIP.	
430		Brady, Robert	7 61
410		Brady, Hannah	7 30
255		Brady, Jan	4 53
200		Brady, John	3 55
440		Brady, Wm P	7 81
290		Brady, Wm P	5 15
20		Antis Henry	36
424		Calhorn, George	7 52
4 3		Cerothers James	7 18
150		Cooper, Wm	2 67
125		Dorsey, John	2 22
320		Pearon, Joseph	5 68
4 9		Gray, Robert	7 6
476		Grant, Thomas	8 44
130	123	Gratz, Simon	1 30
400		Hunter, Alex	7 96
250		Jackson, Jeremiah	4 44
300		Levy, Aaron	5 32
425		Norton Samuel	7 55
300		Parker, Wm	5 2
324		Parker, Richard	5 76
3 4		Parker, Jeremiah	5 74
125		Steadman, Wm	3 55
200		Smith Thomas	3 55
100		Scott, Abraham	1 77
50		Scott Samuel	89
150		Scott, Abraham	2 67
90		Scott, Samuel	1 60
130		Taggart, Robert	2 31
425		Toland, Henry	7 55
100		C Long (owner)	1 77
125		Wharton Moore	2 3
425		William David	7 55
150		Wolf, Jona	1 60
400		Williar Harman	8 88
401	46	James Cummings	7 0
371		Wm Boyde	6 85
357		Wm Grant	6 6
300		Thos Boyd	5 55
413		Joseph Tripp	7 66
200		Thomas Smith	3 70
405		Wm Housel	7 47
426		Samuel Tripp	7 87
419		Hugh Boyde	7 77
404		Peter Tripp	7 46
410		Thomas Miles	7 53
200		Jacob Princeton	3 70
415		Stophel Seidell	7 69
400		John Seigfreid	7 40
400		Daniel Seizfreid	7 40
286		Jacob Seigfreid	5 27
150		John Hays	2 78
280		Martin Wister	5 18
170		Wm Cook	3 14
240		Robert Taggart	4 44
25		James Steadman	46
17		Robert Latimere	31
365		Daniel Williams	5 76
60		Thomas Brothers	3 7
200		John Brady	3 77
250		Wm Brady	4 63
280		John Housel	4 63
7-16 of 4 2	134	William Mills	2 11
250		William Cooper	4 63
		PENN TOWNSHIP.	
150		Armstrong, James	5 25
383		Cook, William	2 89
150	10	Cowden, John	8 25
1 2	10	Cowden John	3 5
109		Cook, Wm	1 50
100		Cook, Wm	28
150		Hamilton, Thos	5 25
150		Hepburn, James	5 25
115	31	Hepburn, James	3 60
150		Kennedy, John	5 25
150		Kennedy, James	5 25
104	89	Kennedy, Andrew	8 17
108	131	Kennedy, John	3 24
113	8	Kennedy, James	3 31
200		Lyon, Robert	7 00
200		Lyon Ezekial	7 00
209		Lyon, Benjamin	7 00
200		Lyon, Robert	7 00
202		Lyon, Ezekial	7 00
200		Lyon, Benjamin	7 00
200		McCally John	7 00
201		McCally, Wm	7 00
100		Montgomery, Daniel	3 50
100		Montgomery Wm	3 0
200		McCally, John	7 20
400		Sweetzord, John	10 50
		POTTER TOWNSHIP.	
100		Bartges, Adam	4 40
288		Bound, Mary	6 30
300		Brown, John	13 20
81	111	Cameron Alex	2 24
400		Cougal, David	7 10
100		Dewart, Wm	2 20
200		Ewing, Jasper	4 40
20		Fullmer, H B	84
400		Forks, James	4 70
400		Garigus, Edward	8 80
400		Garigus Wm	8 80
100		Getty, Christ	2 20
200		Gobin, Charles	4 40
100		Martin Thomas	3 50
105		McClellan, George	2 31
80		Wm Collier, (owner)	12 78
34	83	Ropp, Jacob	2 83
150		Sawyer Wm	2 29
100		Vanderslice H	1 10
100		Young, Samuel	92
		SPRING TOWNSHIP.	
418		Johnson, John	4 83
18	115	Purdue, John	5 02
300		Robison, Catherine	8 10
300		Robison, Rebecca	8 10
100		Robison, Richard	4 0
100		J Gordon, Est. (owner)	2 70
		SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.	
433	163	Bingham, Wm	88 74
433	163	Burnet, Felix	88 74
321		Banks, Wm	12 31
325		Banks, Wm	58
60		Clemer, George	88 74
433	163	Campbell, George	88 74
433	163	Cox, Pau	88 74
433	163	Cuthbert, Thos	88 74
412		Carskadden, D	1 43
412		Carskadden, D	1 43
433	163	Delaney, Sharpe	88 74
300		Devling, Joseph	24 60
300		Devling, Joseph	61 0
218		Dobson, Samuel	35 76
200		Devling, Joseph	5 0
405		Eddy, George	53 25
15		Fitzsimmons, Thos	16 40
80		Gray, Robt	7 38
433	163	Hawthorn, Thos	88 74
433	163	Hawthorne, James	88 74
8 3		Hale, James T	1 02
80		Hale, James T	6 15
433		Linn, Samuel	71 02
433	163	Lewis, Wm	88 74
433	163	Lewis, Wm	88 74
300		Long, J Z	5 70
200		Long, J Z	3 80
353		Liggett, John	13 41
70		Mason, John S	16 80
433		McMannus, James	71 02
433	163	Militkis, M T	53 25
409	73	Mitchell, N S	50 25
433		Morgan, Benjamin R	71 02
400		Martha, Alex	1 60
433	163	Maylan, Jasper	71 02
333	163	Mayston, Edward	71 02
433	150	McClanahan, Blair	71 02
433	163	Meade, George	62 09
433	163	McPherson, Wm	62 09
433	129	Misner Luke	71 02
433	163	Morris, Robert	80 04
400		Martin, Alex	15 20
½ of 433	153	Norris, J P	47 32
½ of ½ of 433	153	Norris, J P	8 84
433	163	Parker, Wm	71 02
216		Parker, Jeremiah	35 58
216		Parker, Jeremiah	8 58
433		Parker, George	16 45
216		Rainey, Robert	8 21
300		Reily, Job	49 20
433	153	Shippen, Thos L	71 02
433	153	Scott, Edward	71 02
433	153	Spear, Margaret	16 45

Miscellaneous.

FURNICURE.

Parlor, Chamber, and Dining-Room Suits.

FOLDING BEDS, MATTRESSES, PILLOWS,
MANTELS, HALL BENCHES, DESKS, BOOK CASES, MIRRORS,
FANCY TABLES, CHAIRS, ROCKERS, CABINETS, ETC.

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AGENTS WANTED to canvass for one of the largest, oldest-established, best-known Nurseries in the country. Most liberal terms. Unequaled facilities. Prices low. Geneva Nursery, Established 1846. W. & T. SMITH, Geneva, N. Y.

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TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 CTS. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 CTS.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

Dr. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It answers every purpose for which it is put up."

PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They saved me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by F. P. GRATZ GREEN, High St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Treasurer's Sale.

Acres.	Per.	Warrantee.	Taxes.
162		Tompkins, Joseph	9 93
434	153	Tillman, Benj H	71 02
433	153	Valentine, A S	1 02
433	153	Walls, Rebecca	71 02
434	163	Wharton, Moore	71 02
4 3	153	Wharton, Elizabeth	71 02
5 9 of 433	153	Wharton, Mary M	39 50
1-9 of 433	153	Wharton, Mary M	7 38
433	154	Wes, Francis	71 02
433	154	West, Benjamin	71 02
169		West, Frances	13 94
415		Walz, Richard	4 11
433	153	Wharton, Kearney	16 45
400		Williams, David	11 35
400		Williams, David	12 35
		RUSH TOWNSHIP.	
434	155	Allison, John	183 91
328		Allison James	189 04
250		Allison, Andrew and John Lally	159 00
327	10	Armstrong, Andrew	13 2
164	10	Allison, James	16 44
390	116	Arthur, Ann	30 42
324	117	Arthur, Thomas	0 74
433	153	Britches, Isaac	45 03
433	163	Beverage, David	11 52
433	153	Brickley, Daniel	47 70
433	153	Brantzman, Peter	13 80
200		Burs, John	15 90
4 3	163	Boreman John	19 08
40		Chestnut, Samuel	6 56
100		Clymer George	5 00
100		Campbell, George	53 0
300		Cuthbert, Thomas	159 00
80		Coverdon, J H (owner)	12 72
393		Chestnut, Samuel	40 21
433	163	Deaney, Sharp	11 2
288		Deitler, W	92 5
122		Eberman Philip	6 47
433	153	Edwards, Thos	116 80
300		Erskine, Thomas	7 80
433	153	Funk, John	2 94
		Fitzsimmons, Thomas	3 25
193		Edward French, (owner)	20 14
421		Grant, Thomas	38 85
216	156	Grant Thomas	16 78
216	15	Grant, Thomas	68 90
433	163	Glentworth, James	11 51
50		Gross, Elizabeth	7 94
100		Grey, Robert	13 00
124	152	Gross & M Keon	3 18
433	158	Hair, Christian	34 4
436	164	Hair, Christian	33 92
431	161	Hair, David	34 4
2 6	176	Hamilton, Thos	68 90
433	153	Hand, John	34 45
433	153	Hamilton, Hugh	22 93
433	163	Hopkins, John	47 70
433	153	Huber, John	34 45
423	153	Haines, Reuben, Jr	51
216		Hamilton, Hugh	16 85
433	1 3	Irwin, Robert	137 80
433	153	Irwin, Robert	46 11
433	153	Jordon Owen	34 45
100		Kline, Robert	4 40
164	10	Kerr, James	86 92
433	163	Lucas, Bennet	11 2

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—Ah, this April weather.

—Swing in the hammock.

—The fields are all a-bloom.

—Fruit trees are blossoming.

—Snook's brick residence on Penn street, in Millheim, is being freshly painted.

—John G. Bailey, a resident of Pine Grove Mills, was a visitor in Bellefonte Friday.

—A new brick pavement is being put down in front of Henry Harris' residence on Howard street.

—A hen owned by Harry Hoy, of Millheim, laid an Easter egg 6½ by 8 inches in circumference.

—Very little preparation seems to be in progress hereabouts for either Memorial Day or Independence Day.

—Shad was never cheaper than at present. The finest Delaware shad is offered for sale at 40 and 50 cents.

—Spring Mills will not permit Howard to get ahead of her and is also making arrangements to start a creamery.

—In many places industrial institutions and stores are closed on Good Friday. Why is not this so in Bellefonte?

—A committee of the School Board went to Elmira on Thursday on business connected with the new school building.

—The evenings are dark again after the light of the sun has disappeared. The moon don't get up until near morning.

—Col. Teller of the Bush House presented Gregg Post a frame containing pictures of about one hundred of the distinguished Confederates.

—A small building belonging to John I. Thompson, of Lemont, was burned on Sunday night, the 11th. The building was used for school purposes.

—Mrs. Love, of Centre Hall, is putting a wire fence in front of her residence, and Mr. Wolf and Mrs. Neff, of the same place, are also erecting iron fences in front of their properties.

—Mr. S. T. Brooks is now in Millheim, booming the short system of music for which he is agent. Proper use of this system, we suppose, will make musicians of all the children in the household.

—To the Dale Brothers—Messrs. Clem. and Al.,—we are indebted for numerous favors. They are among the most conscientious and consistent gentlemen now practicing at the Bellefonte bar, and as such are an honor to it.

—The people of Rebersburg are mourning the death of Mrs. John Bierly, who expired in that place on Sunday morning, the 18 h, aged 75 years, 7 months and 20 days. The immediate cause of her death was pneumonia.

—The balcony on the west side of the REPUBLICAN building has been strengthened and repaired by the addition of a new floor and fresh paint. One of the balconies in front of the Brockerhoff House is also undergoing a similar improvement.

—Delightful music was rendered on High street, near the Bush House, Friday morning, by representatives of the Snow Shoe band. We were surprised at the very pleasing manner in which they played. All their selections evinced that they are natural musicians and have practiced carefully.

—In all parts of the town, Thursday, ladies were engaged in their yards, working in the fresh, cool earth and placing hundreds of geranimus and other plants in the flower beds. We don't know whether it was flower day or not, but the ladies seemed to think it was the proper time for such work.

—The dispatches from Harrisburg, Pa., in speaking of certain forged notes recently made in that city by a lady named Priscilla B. McClure, mention Sherman Furth, of Bellefonte, as one of the names used as endorsers. We know of no such a person in Bellefonte and that part of telegram is evidently a mistake.

—John Cunningham, aged about 16 years, employed at the Atlas Works, Pittsburg, was sent on Wednesday afternoon to oil some of the machinery, and while crossing the chamber the gang plank broke and he was precipitated into the plunger box, which is about sixteen feet deep, receiving injuries which render his recovery doubtful.

—David Smith, a Hebrew employed as porter in the Potter House, Philipsburg, was found dead in his room Wednesday morning. His sudden death was a shock to his many friends. We have not heard the cause of it. His remains were brought to this place last Thursday and were followed from the depot to the cemetery by a large number of persons from Philipsburg as well as by many of the citizens of Bellefonte.

—We understand that a few nights ago several articles of clothing, including sheets and pillow cases, were taken from a line, where they had been placed, by Mrs. Fulton, a worthy woman living near Valentines' Ironworks. As they belonged to other persons for whom she had been working she was compelled to make good the loss, which, being poor, she could ill afford to do. The villians must be despisable indeed who could steal from one who has to labor so hard for subsistance as does Mrs. Fulton. If the perpetrators are caught, lynching would not be too good for them.

Cape Cod.

A young lady from Bellefonte, who has been spending the Winter in Massachusetts, recently visited the cable and life-saving stations of Cape Cod, and writes to a friend here as follows:

"I must tell you of our last excursion on the Cape. It was to the cable and life-saving stations. Oh, we did see so much in two weeks. I often said to Mrs. M. that I wished for you. How much you would enjoy the ocean. It is ever and ever so much nicer to see the ocean, untamed as it surely is all along the Cape, than to see it at Ocean Grove. There it seems held in. On the Cape it is wilder.

Well, one day we left at noon to visit the cable station, ten miles away. Of course, we went to the train. At the depot we took a carriage and drove out. We were just in time to see a message recorded, taken from France. This station is one of the two in this country where the European cablegram comes in. The man in charge had the operator in France send us the alphabet and the figures up to ten. So you will see some of the writing as it comes originally from the wires. It is on paper, as was the old Morse telegraph system years ago. In the cellar we saw the wire come in from the ocean, the batteries, etc., but our most interesting visit was made to the life-saving station. I never heard of them until I came here, so near the ocean. The houses are *all* painted red and are *all* precisely alike in every minute detail. In one room, along the ceiling, the signals are all painted in green, red, yellow and blue—only the four colors. These signals are understood by *all* sailors, and of course by all these men; so as soon as one flag is put out upon a stranded vessel these men understand its meaning.

In another room is kept the "beach apparatus." It consists of a small cart. Upon it is a cannon and several different sizes of ropes which unwind when necessary. A ball of rope is shot from the cannon, one end of the rope fastened to the cart and the other end shot into the ocean as far as 500 feet over the ship. By this means different sizes of rope reach them and finally the preserver. It is a cork jacket. Only one person can come to land at once, but the jacket goes back and forth, loaded and then unloaded. It is wonderful. This is used when there is a storm. If the sea be calm they have a small common looking boat Around the edge is a cork wadding to float it. Within are life preservers of cork for the seven men and the captain. Everything is kept ready for use on a moment's notice. To be sure of being ready the captain goes through the drill every day. Each man has his own number and his own work to do, so there can be no confusion. There is a beat of seven miles of beach for each station four in one direction and three in another. The stations are so joined, one to another. At night the men patrol the beach. They go three times a night. In order that there be no cheating done—for some might not go the whole distance—men of one station are obliged to exchange their checks with men from the adjoining station, and these checks are to be handed to the captain. They also wear a dial plate, the key of which is left at the end of their beat. They must turn this dial when they reach the key. The men cook for themselves—and such a floor and stove! You could almost see yourself.

We missed our train home, so we had to wait at the station from five until half-past eleven at night. The station is exactly like the one at Snow Shoe Intersection, so you can imagine! The agent left at eight, but he gave us a key to the door and made us a good fire. We pulled down the blinds (luckily, the three windows had black blinds) and sat there. The train we waited for was a freight. So we reached Harwich at precisely half-past twelve o'clock. Then we had one mile to walk—dark as pitch and raining, too. Mrs. Tuttle, an elderly lady, was with us and she said there was no danger at all. But I tell you I shook like a leaf until I was within our house and knew that the door was locked. We had a pretty full day of it. I hope now that you wont think I am neglecting you in not writing, will you? X.

At the Rink.

The temperance meeting at the Rink, on Wednesday evening, the 21st, was opened promptly at half-past seven and a pleasant half hour spent in a service of song, followed by a fervent prayer by Major Hilton. After the singing of another hymn Major Hilton announced a change in the time of the usual afternoon meeting from 3 to 3:30 o'clock. Miss Christie Crape very sweetly sang the solo, "What shall the Harvest be?" the large choir joining in the chorus. Major Hilton presented to the audience a petition asking the Legislature of Pennsylvania to pass an act submitting to the qualified voters an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors to be used as a beverage," and solicited signers. Quite a number responded.

Major Hilton delivered the address, taking as the basis of his remarks, "That which a man soweth that shall he also reap." The speaker clearly and rapidly argued that the world cannot expect to reap good wheat from poisoned grain, neither can a Christain character be formed by an ungodly life. He very severely coddemned the use of tobacco, giving as his own experience that he could find no peace for his soul while asking God for a clean heart with a dirty mouth. With great earnestness it was shown that labor strikes, Sunday desecration and similar evils were the outcome of the seed that has been sown, and the speaker declared that to the saloon can be traced every trouble that now menaces the country. The address which was long and eloquent was closed with an urgent appeal to Christians to use every effort to break down the power of rum and thus hasten the day when the terrible evil shall have passed away forever.

Rev. J. A. Woodcock delivered an earnest prayer, after which a collection was taken for the promotion of work of the W. C. T. U. The question of a proper building for the use of the W. C. T. U. and Y. M. C. A. jointly, was agitated and the public spirited citizens of the town were appealed to for substantial aid in this direction.

The large audience joined in singing the closing hymn, Major Hilton pronouncing the benediction.

Major Hilton is attracting large audiences by his devotion to the cause of Temperance. His manner is forcible and, speaking from experience, he carries conviction to the most indifferent. Good is found to result from these meetings. The people generally are being awakened to their duties regarding the liquor traffic and the time has arrived when such men as Major Hilton are appreciated. Earnest effort and practical application such as his cannot fail to have its effect.

Three Men Injured.

The Altoona *Tribune*, of this morning, gives the following particulars of an accident which occurred near Bellwood, Blair county: "On Wednesday last an accident, which luckily had no fatal termination to any of the injured, occurred near the saw mill of Lowther & Flynn, distant from Bellwood about five miles. A car had been loaded up with timbers and the engineer, Mr. Tobias Kreider, started the locomotive to pull the car up the hill. The road is a narrow gauge one and used for the purpose of hauling the lumber, etc., to the main line. The rails are laid on wooden stringers and the little train had proceeded but a short distance when one of these stringers broke, allowing the rail to settle down and throwing the car from the track. The engine was also derailed. On the car were six men, and three of them received severe injuries by the overturning of the car, which went over an embankment of about five feet in heighth. Col. W. A. McDermott had his nose broken and received other painful injuries about his head; George McDermott, his son, aged about 19 years, had his leg broken, and Dallas Haggerty had one of his arms broken between the elbow and shoulder. The other men escaped without injury. Fortunately Dr. Levengood, of Bellwood, was near the scene of the accident, and gave the necessary medical attendance, after which the injured men were removed to their homes in Bellwood, where they reported as being as well as could be expected yesterday. The car made one revolution and landed with the wheels up. The timbers were thrown in all directions and many of them fell among the trees below."

—Here is the account given in the Tyrone correspondence of the Altoona *Tribune* of the death of David Smith, of Philipsburg, whose remains were brought here for interment on Thursday and mention of which was made in the DAILY NEWS of that day: "David Smith, a butcher, was found dead in bed at his home in Philipsburg on Wednesday morning having died suddenly, presumably, from apoplexy, evidently having expired just as he was in the act of rising to go to his work, as he was found lying on the bed with his foot on the floor. He was an unmarried man. His body, accompanied by his three brothers and three sisters; Joseph and Henry Lehman, John Kitchen, and Adam and Mathias Moyer, of Philipsburg, passed through here Thursday morning, having been taken to the Jewish cemetery at Bellefonte for interment."

—Again we had with us Major Geo. A. Hilton, of Washington, D. C., conducting a series of Gospel Temperance meetings under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. We regard it as another call and opportunity given by a long suffering God to the people of Bellefonte to turn unto Him, for Major George A. Hilton has been commissioned by the Lord to declare His messages and he comes to us in His name only. In the written word it is declared that "the righteous are bold as a lion" and truly this man of God possesses this holy boldness and with a fearlessness unsurpassed he speaks the truth, and following the examples, and by the authority of our Saviour he rebukes sin wherever and in whatever shape it may be found. Through this faithful servant of Christ many souls have been led to look unto Jesus for light and salvation, and have received it.

—The sewer being built on Bishop street and Cherry alley is one of the greatest improvements that has ever been made in this place. It will remedy a great source of inconvenience on Bishop street, and add to the attractiveness of that locality.

His Last Word.

MR. EDITOR: Please allow me a line or two of space in your valuable paper to answer a communication which appeared in the *Watchman* of last week signed "A Democrat." (His real name however is Johnnie). He appears to die hard in the contest, but he says he will pay no further attention to articles that may be written by Mr. Mugwump hereafter. I think it would have been great credit to himself if the dear little fellow had arrived at that conclusion before he wrote the first. He would certainly not have shown to the world such marked ignorance. We Mugwumps have spotted him politically, that we will not vote for him for fence appraiser. He says every little school boy who possesses ordinary intelligence knew the story about Washington before I related it. I agree with him on that, but I do not consider him in that class. I did not think for a moment he had ever heard it related before. But now since he agreed to stop his nonsense and be a good boy, I will stop by saying, Good bye. MUGWUMP.

—Wm. J. Hammer, a distinguished electrician from New York City, has been spending several days, recently, in Bellefonte. Mr. Hammer has not only boundless ingenuity and skill, but he has also a well-defined vein of humor. On New Years eve, he created fun for a large number of his brother electricians by giving them an electric supper, so novel and startling as to surprise even the electricians themselves. By skillful use of the electric current he so arranged the furniture, food and everything of that kind used in connection with the feast that on each movement of the guest there would be a succession of illuminations, explosions, etc. The affair frightened the reporters present, but they, nevertheless, succeeded in writing a column or two concerning it for each of the New York dailies.

Doctors' Bills.

Any person whose blood and liver is in good condition is all right even in the midst of epidemics. This can be noticed in the life of every one. If all would avail themselves of the advantages of restoring and maintaining the health of the body there would be fewer doctors' bills and much less sorrow. The one thing needful and the one recommended above all others is found in Simmons Liver Regulator. The testimonials are counted by the thousands and its merits are undoubted.

—The most prolific of all fruits of the earth is the banana. Its produce is enormous; 1,000 square feet planted with 30 or 40 bananas will yield as many clusters, with from 160 to 180 fruits on each, and each cluster weighing 40 to 80 pounds, so that 1,000 square feet will produce 4,000 pounds of nutritive substance; whereas the same space would in Europe only grow 33 pounds of wheat or 99 pounds of potatoes. The produce, therefore, of the banana is in comparison to wheat as 133 to 1; and to the potato as 44 to 1.

Wives! Mothers! Daughters!

BE YOUR OWN PHYSICIAN! A lady who was for years a sufferer from Female Complaints and weaknesses, so common to her sex, and despaired of being cured, finally found remedies which completely cured her, after all else had failed. Any lady can use the remedies and cure herself, without being subjected to a medical examination. From gratitude she will send FREE, Recipes, Illustrated Treatise and full directions, *sealed*. Address (with stamp), MRS. W. C. HOLMES, 658 Broadway, N. Y. (*Name Paper*).

18—11—1y.

—The Chinese minister and his suite of eighteen persons passed through Altoona on Thursday. The *Tribune* scribe asked the embassador how soon China would declare war against the United States, but that eminent personage would not vouchsafe a reply. Now, in revenge, the *Tribune* says Shan Yen Hoon cannot speak English.

By accident a man swallows poison. How frightened he is. How the home antidotes are sent down after it, and in what glowing terms the messenger hurries along the doctor. Yet hosts of excellent people are slowly dying of poisonous elements in their blood. The liver should have removed these, but it is weak and diseased, and so fails of its duty. Do you understand this fact? If so, you will be glad to learn that Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cures liver complaint.

—The Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will meet in Allentown, July 6, 7 and 8. The following topics have been selected for discussion: Defects in our School Laws. Some phases of the Normal School Question. The Relation of Colleges and Public Schools. The Study of Birds. Primary Work. What can Supplant the County Institute?

THE MIKADO. A book containing the complete words and music of the most beautiful songs of "The Mikado," the latest great comic opera by Gilbert and Sullivan, will be sent, postpaid, to any address on receipt of ten cents in stamps. Ten exquisitely colored picture cards accompany each book. The Mack Publishing Co., 528 Washington Street, N. Y.

—We appreciate the numerous kindly notices the DAILY NEWS is receiving from exchanges regarding its entrance upon the seventh volume, and if space and time would permit we would copy some of them.

Your system is now more susceptible to the benefits of a reliable medicine than at any other season. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Rev. Wm. Stout, Wiarton, Ont., States: "After being ineffectually treated by seventeen different doctors for Scrofula and blood diseases, I was cured by Burdock Blood Bitters." Write him for proof.

Catarrh is a disease of the mucous membrane, almost invariably originating in the nasal passages and maintaining its stronghold in the head Ely's Cream Balm will cure catarrh in its worst stages, and gives immediate relief from cold in head. It contains no injurious drugs. Price fifty cents. 18-13-4t

The North German Lloyd has refused any compensation for saving the passengers on the ill fated steamer Oregon.

FITS.—All fits stopped free by *Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer*. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2 00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 17 32 1y

Red wheels are in favor again in New York, and they once more stir the dust along the fashionable driveways.

Very Remarkable Recovery.

Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, Mich., writes; "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and is so much improved that she is able now to do her own work."

Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative power. Only fifty cents a bottle at J. ZELLER & SON'S.

Teacher—"What is an engineer?" Boy No. 1—"A man who works an engine." Teacher—"What is a pioneer?" Boy No. 2—"That man that works a piano."

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Texas, by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so help ess he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery he was well and had gained in flesh thirty six pounds. Trial bottle of this great Discovery for consumption free at J. ZELLER & SON'S.

Mrs. Fizzletop overheard her son Johnny swear like a trooper. "Why, Johnny," she exclaimed, "who taught you to swear that way?" "Taught me to swear!" exclaimed Johnny, "why it's me who teaches the other boys."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J. ZELLER & SON.

A desperate speculator put up a Newfoundland dog in Wall Street the other day as collateral for a flyer in the stock market.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D. New York City.* 17 45 1y

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

To All Wanting Employment.

We want Live, Energetic and Capable Agents in every county in the United States and Canada, to sell a patent article of great merit, ON ITS MERITS. An article having a large sale, paying over 100 per cent profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected in the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure from us. With all these advantages to our agents and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every house-owner, it might not be necessary to make an "EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $500 a month clear and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub-agents for ninety days and fail to clear at least $350 ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employer of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guarantee; and but two sales a day would give a profit of over $125 a month, and that one of our agents took eighteen orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and these we wish to send to everyone out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure the agency in time for the boom, and go to work on the terms named in our extraordinary offer. We would like to have the address of all the agents, sewing machine solicitors and carpenters in the country, and ask any reader of this paper who reads this offer, to send us at once the name and address of all such they know. Address at once, or you will lose the best chance ever offered to those out of employment to make money. RENNER MANUFACTURING CO., 116 Smithfield St., Pittsburg, Pa.

18 11 1y

BUY IT AND TRY IT.

Try it for earache,
Try it for headache,
Try it for toothache,
Try it for backache.

For an ache or a pain Thomas' Eclectric Oil is excellent.—Chas. F. Medler, box 274, Schenectady, N. Y.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil is the best thing going, pa says. Cured him of rheumatism and me of earache—two drops—Master Horace Brenizer, Clinton, Iowa.

Try it for a limp,
Try it for a lameness,
Try it for a pain,
Try it for a strain.

From shoulder to ankle joint, and for three months I had rheumatism which yielded to nothing but Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Thomas' Eclectric Oil did what no physician seemed able to accomplish. It cured me.—John N. Gregg, Supt of Railway Construction, Niagara Falls.

Try it for a scald,
Try it for a cut,
Try it for a bruise,
Try it for a burn.

Price 50 cts. and $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

17 48 1y

Miscellaneous.

STONE IN THE KIDNEY

Expelled After Using Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" About Two Weeks.

One of the most remarkable cases that has ever been brought to the notice of the public is that of Mr. J. S. Beach, of Stone Ridge, Ulster county, N. Y. Mr. Beach had suffered since Oct. 18, 1874, from the presence of Calculus or Stone in the right kidney. No less than seven physicians were employed at different times, to whom Mr. Beach paid hundreds of dollars for medical treatment, with only temporary relief from agony.

By the urgent solicitations of his friends he was induced to try Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," and experienced a marked improvement from the first day he began to use the medicine. On the 15th of September he voided a stone as large as could be passed through the natural channel.

Mr. Beach concludes a long letter to Dr. Kennedy by saying: "It will always afford me pleasure to recommend Favorite Remedy" to those who may be suffering from difficulties of the kidneys and bladder, or any disorders arising from an impure state of the blood."

WILLIAM MCKNEW, 124 FAYETTE ST., BALTIMORE MD., says: "I believe 'Favorite Remedy' is a good medicine. It is doing me more good than anything I ever tried, and I have tried almost everything, for I am a sufferer from dyspepsia." While "Favorite Remedy" is a specific in Stomach and Bladder diseases, it is equally valuable in cases of bilious disorders, constipation of the bowels and all the class of ills apparently inseparable from the constitution of women.

Price, $1. six bottles, $5. 17 35 1y

Rogers' Grapoline!

This preparation is a mild and gentle saline cathartic, alterative and tonic. It is most carefully prepared in the form of a snow white powder, containing all the medical properties of the GRAPE and other fruits. It will promptly cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Indigestion and all Inflammatory complaints where a gentle, cooling cathartic is required. Give this remedy one trial and it will convince you of the above facts. Prepared by A. H. ROGERS & CO., Geneseo, N. Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

17 46 1y

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs,

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

18 9 1y

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

CURES ALL HUMORS,

from a common **Blotch**, or **Eruption**, to the worst **Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin**, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. **Great Eating Ulcers** rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing **Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-Joint Disease, White Swellings, Goitre, or Thick Neck**, and **Enlarged Glands**. Send ten cents in stamps for a large treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a treatise on Scrofulous Affections. **"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."** Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and soundness of constitution**, will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is **Scrofulous Disease of the Lungs**, is promptly and certainly arrested and cured by this God-given remedy, if taken before the last stages of the disease are reached. From its wonderful power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now celebrated remedy to the public, Dr. PIERCE thought seriously of calling it his **"Consumption Cure,"** but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for consumption of the lungs, but for all

CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills, alternating with hot flashes, low spirits and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and coated tongue, you are suffering from **Indigestion, Dyspepsia**, and **Torpid Liver**, or **"Biliousness."** In many cases only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** has no equal.

For **Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Consumption**, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. **Sold by Druggists.**

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,

Proprietors, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

ANTI-BILIOUS and CATHARTIC. Sold by Druggists. 25 cents a vial.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of smell, taste, or hearing, weak eyes, dull pain or pressure in head, you have Catarrh. Thousands of cases terminate in consumption.

Dr. Sage's CATARRH REMEDY cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," and Catarrhal Headache.** 50 cents.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms. $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The darkest night—if clear—brings out the stars.

—The weather indicates that April showers are lingering near.

—The Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania rendezvous in Wellsboro, Tioga county, this week.

—Sheriff Woodring and family are rejoicing over the recent arrival of a baby daughter.

—Somebody dropped a letter in the post-office addressed only, "Lock Haven, Clinton County, Pa."

—A number of Italians arrived on Monday and will begin work on the Buffalo Run Railroad.

—A Bellefonte school mistress remarks that she takes after her father because he used to take after her.

—The lovers of lawn tennis spent all of Monday afternoon at their tennis court on East Linn street.

—A congregational meeting of St. John's P. E. parish was held on Monday morning at 11 o'clock, and vestrymen for the year elected.

—On Thursday evening Francis Speer closed his night school after a successful term. He expects to reopen it on the 13th of September.

—Splendid thunder storms prevailed on Saturday and Sunday nights, accompanied by sufficient rain to make vegetation take another boom forward.

—Just as the night brings out the stars so the bride and bridegroom bring out noisy calithumpians, as was demonstrated on Linn street last Monday night.

—Even the oldest inhabitant does not remember an April with quite so much Spring about it as the present one. A hop toad was noticed to spring the other day.

—If the weather continues as at present the first of May may be ushered with a genuine, old-fashioned May party. It is a long time since such a festivity was possible in this section.

—It is said that kerosene will remove stains from furniture. It has also been known to remove furniture, stains and all, with the stove and a red-headed servant girl thrown in, oft times.

—Some of the very wise people in this Commonwealth are debating as to whether Good Frrday is really a legal holiday. The opinion seems to be quite evenly divided and a judicial opinion is called for.

—Mr. William Bilger, of Pleasant Gap, has protected the residence of Judge Furst from lightning by ornamenting it with handsome lightning rods. Of course, the work was done in a skillful manner.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Gates came home from Philadelphia on Saturday evening. We understand that they have rented one of Mrs. Laughlin's houses on East Lamb street and will begin housekeeping about the 1st of May.

—An old school house in Milesburg was struck by lightning on Sunday afternoon about 5 o'clock and some of the boards knocked off. It has not been used for school purposes for some time, but is now occupied by a family. No one was injured.

—There are more indications which point to active work on the Buffalo Run Railroad. Mr. Miller, in the interest of the Collins Brothers, is making arrangements to bring a large number of Italians to Bellefonte who will at once engage on this work.

—Company B, N. G., of this place, turned out in force Friday night for a parade and drill. The military manœuvres in the Diamond were well executed and the firing was so perfectly accurate as to seem like the discharge of but one gun of immense power.

—What might have been a serious event occurred on Friday. Mrs. Sarah Wilson, who lives on Jail hill, was superintending a fire in the garden when her dress caught fire and before she could extinguish the flames her face and her right arm were burned. Fortunately, her injuries are not serious.

—Major Hilton delivered his concluding temperance address Friday evening. It was able and eloquent, as usual. The handsome sum of $173 was raised in the audience, with which the W. C. T. U. will rent the Rink for a year and furnish it with the necessary chairs. It will be quite an excellent place for their meetings in the future.

—A writer says: "Of the worst foes that woman have had to encounter, wine stands at the head." The writer is right. It first goes to the head, and then stands there for several hours, and the owner of the head gets up next morning feeling as if he had exchanged heads with a giant when he left the banquet hall the night before. So we've been told.

—At a recent meeting of a scientific society, an apparatus was exhibited by means of which it was claimed that it was not only possible but easy to hear plants growing. This is nothing new, we ofter hear of plants growing. They are male plants; and start out at the age of sixteen as greens; soon they become young sprigs, and afterward turnup as old beets.

THE EASTER FESTIVAL.

LARGE CONGREGATIONS, JOYOUS MUSIC AND FLORAL DECORATIONS IN THE CHURCHES.

Sunday, April 25, was an ideal Easter. All nature was triumphant in the beauty of the early morning when the sun broke through the clouds, flooding the earth in beams of beauty. At least some attention is given in all the churches to the glad event which the day commemorates, and in perfect accord with the spirit of the occasion large congregations were present.

In the Protestant Episcopal church the floral decorations were profuse and beautiful. The Holy Eucharist was administered at 8 o'clock a. m. and again at 10:30 o'clock. Baptism was administered to two infants during the session of the Sabbath-school in the afternoon. At the morning service the sermon was delivered by Rev. John R. R. Robinson from St. Mark 16th chap., part of the 6th verse—"He is risen." The evening sermon was from Colossians 3:1, "If ye then be risen with Christ, seek those things which are above." It was an admirable discourse and was delivered by Rev. George Greene. We understand that it is the last sermon the reverend gentleman will deliver in this place. During both the morning and evening services the music, rendered by a large and efficient choir, was excellent.

The Y. M. C. A. meeting, at 4 o'clock p. m., was conducted by G. Washington Rees. The attendance was good and the exercises quite interesting.

A very interesting and appropriate Easter service was held Sunday morning in the Lutheran church. The services consisted in responsive readings by the Sabbath-school, interspersed with inspiring music, rendered by the excellent choir. Rev. Charles Steck, the talented pastor, recited a poem, entitled the "Easter Guest." It was excellently adapted to the occasion. He also made an address on the topic of the "Resurrection," making use of forcible illustrations drawn from Nature. The rite of confirmation and Holy Communion formed the closing part of the service. In the evening the reverend gentleman preached a fine sermon from Philippians 4:8, "Finally, brethren, whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honest, whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report, if there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things."

There was a pretty floral display in the Methodist church and the congregations were large. Rev. Dr. Monroe's discourse in the morning was on the "Resurrection," and in the evening his text, to enforce the lessons he desired to impress upon the young people, was from the 11th, 12th and 13th verses of the Gospel according to St. Luke. The latter sermon was wonderfully impressive, and certainly well calculated to benefit the many young people who listened to him.

Major Hilton's Last Meeting.

The last of the series of Gospel Temperance meetings inaugurated by the W. C. T. U., was held at the Rink Friday eve, the 23rd inst.

The attendance was large and the spacious hall filled to overflowing. Major Hilton, who has been the central figure in all the meetings of the week, seemed in his happiest mood and throughout the entire evening and as much by his unanswerable logic, as the force, energy and earnestness of his style arrested the breathless attention and sympathy of his large audience.

After a service of song which was a feature of all the meetings, the speaker chose for his text the last five verses of the 2nd chapter of Titus.' "For the grace of God that bringeth salvation hath appeared to all men, Teaching us that, denying ungodliness and worldly lusts, we should live soberly, righteously and godly, in *this present world*; Looking for that blessed hope and the glorious appearing of the great God and our Saviour Jesus Christ; Who gave himself for us, that He might redeem us from all iniquity and purify unto Himself a peculiar people, jealous of good works. These things speak and exhort, rebuke with all authority. Let no man, despise thee."

From these utterances of St. Paul the speaker delivered a sermon (for such all his addresses may truthfully be called) abounding in truths unquestionable, filled with beautiful illustrations and touching appeals. Actuated by a love for perishing souls, tireless in his energy and fearless in obeying the gospel commands the Major is aggressive in his warfare and shrinks not from rebuking sin or error wherever found, whether it be clothed or in open defiance of God. After the close of the services the speaker called the attention of the audience to the fact that the W. C. T. U. were without a hall or building in which to hold meetings or prosecute the temperance work in our midst and that only through the liberality of Mr. John Ardell were they now in possession of the Rink. A request for subscription to a fund by which a continuance of the present quarters could be secured met with a prompt and hearty response and in a few minutes a fund was raised sufficient to secure the Rink for the ensuing year. A suggestive feature of this subscription was that the greater portion came from the young men present, several clubs being represented for considerable sums, thus showing the interest and impression made by the Major during his brief stay and giving a fresh impetus to the workers in this noble cause "who wage their peaceful war for God and Home and Native Land." The seeds sown by Major Hilton will bear fruit abundantly, and he left amidst many regrets, but God's blessing will follow him wherever he goes.

AN OUTSIDER.

Vincent Juitto Attempts to Commit Suicide.

The usual routine of court on Tuesday was disturbed in a manner that created excitement in every breast and drew hundreds of citizens to the green sward which mantles the earth on Jail hill.

A month ago or longer an Italian visited Mr. Richards' jewelry store and endeavored ostensibly to negotiate an exchange of his own watch for one in Mr. Richards' possession. Before the exchange was completed he rushed from the store with both watches. The Italian quickly found himself in the clutches of an officer of the law and since then he has been languishing in prison.

On Tuesday he was sentenced for his crime. He was sentenced to imprisonment one year in the Penitentiary. After receiving his sentence he took a seat within the bar. Those who sat near him saw a sudden look of determination in his countenance and as quick as thought he drew a table fork from his pocket and with rapid movements struck the sharp tines five times against his left breast, falling from the chair as he did so. Persons near him realized what he was doing and at once took the instrument of destruction from him. He was next taken into the Grand Jury room where the desperate man attempted to choke himself to death with a strap.

After a physician had examined the wounds, which are not considered dangerous, he was taken to the jail. When he arrived there he broke glass from his cell window with which to cut his throat, and it was found necessary to manacle him. He is in a desperate mood and it is feared he will yet find a way to kill himself.

Several times he gave the name of "Jim," which is perhaps what he is called for want of a better designation. Our friend, Mr. John Pacini, who can talk with him, says his name is Vincent Juitto and that he came from the southern part of Italy. He believes the man to be weak-minded and excitable.

It is said that he has threatened suicide before this, and persons who looked at him closely while in the court room saw him repeatedly counting his beads as if at prayer.

Although he has been in this country three years, he can speak only a few words of English. But he can understand most that is said to him, and doubtless understood the sentence pronounced upon him.

The Late Reuben Loveland.

We take from the Lock Haven *Express* a few paragraphs concerning the late Reuben Loveland, of Lamar, Clinton county, whose death was noted in these columns a week ago. The paragraphs we quote are as follows:

On Tuesday, April 13th, 1886, Reuben Loveland closed his eyes on earth to awake in glory, and be forever with the Lord. He was born in Connecticut, Aug. 17th, 1811. When 16 years of age he walked 16 miles to attend a camp meeting, for the purpose of seeking religion and never ceased pleading for mercy until he received pardon—about one o'clock the same night.

The same perseverance and indomitable will was characteristic of him all the way through life. He moved to Milesburg, Centre county, about 1840 In 1845 he removed to Lamar and established the axe business, taking as a partner Thos. H. Eddy, continuing as the firm of Loveland & Eddy, until the death of Mr. Eddy, in 1866.

He was for many years a class leader and steward of the Methodist Episcopal church. He was a supporter of the sanctuary by word, work and money. He was a kind neighbor, a tender husband and father.

Just two weeks from the day he was taken sick we followed him to the church he was largely instrumental in building, being tenderly carried by his sons, Isaac, Wilbur F., H. Dill, Wm. H., and sons-in-law Ira C. Eddy and Philip Krape.

A very comforting sermon was preached by Rev. Geo. Warren, from 1st Cor., 15: 55, 56, 57.

He was laid in St. Paul's cemetery alongside of his son Reuben, who was ready to welcome him on the other side. As the stricken family gathered around the grave they sang: "In the sweet by and by, We shall meet on that beautiful shore."

His widow deeply mourns—his eight children call him blessed—and the church will cherish his memory. Although we were not permitted to hear a dying testimony, none was needed. His life was a testimony.

—Members of the Logan Hose Company sent two elegant glass canes to the firemen in Altoona on Tuesday.

A Question for the Court.

The first day or two of court this week are fraught with importance because of the applications which will be made for licenses and their reception and consideration by the honorable court. The general opinion seems to be that these petitions will be granted, as there are very few if any specific charges or remonstrances against any of the applicants. The general remonstrance against any licenses however, is very strong, as may be seen by the following figures showing how numerously it was signed:

	voters.	non-voters
Bellefonte	287	562
Boggs twp	149	180
Burnside twp	27	36
Aaronsburg	18	83
Centre Hall	26	34
Colevile	11	24
College twp	81	103
Coburn	71	104
Gregg township	130	120
Halfmoon "	125	296
Harris "	41	49
Huston "	40	49
Ferguson "	130	226
Jacksonville	28	35
Liberty	153	184
Milesburg	38	124
Moshannon	11	18
Madisonburg	78	83
Millheim	91	32
Patton and Benner twps	47	68
Philipsburg	42	383
Potter twp	64	65
Rush "	27	36
Rebersburg	57	20
Spring twp	56	69
Snow Shoe	42	99
Taylor twp	63	67
Toll Gate	23	46
Unionville	63	130
Union twp	104	242
Walker "	69	98
Worth "	48	104
	2517	3779

Total number of signatures to remonstrance, 6396

Interesting Easter Services.

The services in all the churches on Sunday will be more than usually interesting.

Rev. Mr. Delong will preach his concluding sermons in the Reformed church. In the morning it will be on the subject, "The Benefits of the Resurrection of Christ." He will also preach his final sermon at Zion to morrow.

In the Lutheran church the floral decorations and the Easter music will be elaborate. Confirmation and communion will form part of the morning services.

In the Methodist church, Rev. Dr. Monroe will, in the morning, deliver a sermon on the "Resurrection." In the evening he will deliver the second of his series of sermons to young men, the subject to morrow evening being, "The Young Man who did as he Pleased."

In the Episcopal church the services will be, as usual, quite elaborate and impressive. In the Roman Catholic church also the services will be as usual on Easter Sunday.

All the usual services in the Presbyterian church. The Society of Friends will assemble in their meeting house at 11 a. m.

In the Y. M. C. A. at 4 o'clock p. m. the subject will be, "The Lord is Risen Indeed,"—1 Corinthians 35:12 23. G. Wash Rees will conduct the service.

—Perhaps there is no town of the same size in this state which has more musical talent than Bellefonte, although the musical talent and skill possessed do the possessors but little benefit, because they are made use of only on such rare occasions. It is an almost impossible feat in Bellefonte—one never yet accomplished—to organize a large choir, including all the best voices. Of fine sopranos there is no lack. There are at least four who could dispute the palm with the best of professionals and yet we often hear choirs without an excellent soprano. Of fine tenors the town has an abundant supply. They are more generous than the sopranos, and at least one of the best is usually represented on each musical occasion. In altos one lady, whom we could name, far surpasses any others although a good alto is usually forthcoming when needed. The supply of first-class bassos is very small. We cannot now bring to mind one rich contralto among the permanent residents of the town, although we know of one lady who occasionly visits Bellefonte who excels in this respect.

—The handsome toilets brought out by the Bellefonte belles on Easter Sunday and Easter Monday were of the most charming description and very varied in style. They were usually combination costumes of materials which match nicely, and the upper and lower dresses were so arranged that it was difficult to tell where one began and the other ended. Some were very neat and subdued and others so gay as to be remindful of the old days when lovely Dolly Varden was the belle of the period. The shoes worn high of heel and pointed of toe, and the most distinguished feature of bonnet trimming was a profusion of flowers, each separate flower being attached to a long stem and looking very natural. They were sufficiently numerous to show what the ladies will wear this season. It may not be amiss to remark also that the dresses are not too tight, nor are the bustles extremely large. Both of these features of ladies' dress are in moderation this season.

—Rev. S. A. Cornelius was ordained pastor of the Presbyterian church in Philipsburg, on Thursday evening, Rev. Miller, of Osceola, and Rev. McKinny, of Clearfield, officiating.

Joke on Judge Furst.

The *Daily Local News*, of Huntingdon, relates the following at the expense of our dignified and able friend, Judge Furst:

It has leaked out that the license to Mr. A. B. Zeigler, proprietor of the Franklin House in this place was granted under a misapprehension of names. Ex-Sheriff Wm. B. Zeigler is a resident of this place, and on Tuesday morning, the day after the licenses were granted, he happened to be in the court room, before court was called, when he was seen by Judge Furst, and the following colloquy occurred:

Judge—"Mr. Zeigler, we have granted you a license, and let me caution you to be very particular, and not violate the law."

Zeigler—"Oh, Judge, you are mistaken, you did not grant me a license."

Judge—"Why, yes, we did."

Zeigler—"No, sir, you didn't. I am not the man. It was Adam B. Zeigler, who keeps the Franklin House. I retired from the hotel business twenty-five years ago. I became disgusted with the liquor business, and although I was making money at it, I saw the evil of it and was glad to quit it, and have never kept hotel since. I would not take the best hotel in this town for one year, because I am opposed to the whole liquor business."

Judge Furst discovered his mistake, but it was too late to remedy it, and he retired to the bench laughing to himself over confounding of persons that gave A. B. Zeigler a license he supposed was asked for by W. B. Zeigler.

—That good-looking court is again on the bench this week, challenging comparison with any court in the State. There's Judge Furst, who is gaining golden opinions for his ability and conservatism; Judge Munson, elegant in figure, dignified and graceful in carriage, his beard beautifully silvered; Judge Smith, looking quite strong again after a period of illness, he making his first appearance one day last week, after several weeks of physical indisposition. We regret that this eminent court wears a look of anxiety and pain on its brow, but it has knotty, momentous subjects to consider and important questions to answer. Give it time and respectful attention. All things come to him who waits.

—"Billy" Thomas, one of the regular and trusted employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, at the station here, came to work as usual on Saturday, but his fellow-employes did not know him. They thought it was some Lord Dundreary of an Englishman endeavoring to personate Mr. Thomas, and it was not until he went to work and exhibited a familiarity with his employment that he was recognized. He has parted with his chin whiskers which makes his "side-burns" look unusually luxuriant and long and somewhat adds to the appearance.

—A little 10-year old son of David F Smith, a widely known lumberman of Cherrytree, Indiana county, fell into a well forty-two feet deep Wednesday, the 21st. The frantic mother flew to the rescue, sliding down the rope into sixteen feet of water, caught the child's clothes with her teeth, and was ascending the rope when help came. Though the child was badly bruised and had its skull fractured, it revived, and the attending physician thinks it may recover.

—The grand dress ball given by the Logan Hose Company, Monday evening, was one of the most successful ever conducted in Bellefonte. It was rendered the more noticeable by the large attendance of visitors from a distance. One hundred and fifty couples thronged the floor during the evening. The grand march was led by Mr. Sam Ryan with Miss May Geissinger. The orchestra rendered the best of music under the leadership of Mr. Rarick. The Logan Boys and all who attended the ball are more than pleased with the result.

Fleck-Henderson.

At the Lutheran personage, in Williamsburg, Blair county, Pa., on April 21st, by Rev. S. J. Taylor, Rev. L. N. Fleck, of Rockwood Somerset Co., and Miss K. Henderson, of Julian, Centre county, were united in marriage.

Miss Henderson is the third daughter of Mr. J. C. Henderson, Republican commissioner for Centre county, and Rev. Fleck is the energetic and progressive pastor of the Lutheran household of faith of Rockwood and vicinity. After a short visit among friends and relatives, the bride and groom will reside in Rockwood, Somerset county, Pa.

—The annual report of the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, for last year, has been received from A. L. E. Crouter, the Principal. We notice among the pupils are five from Centre county, viz., Katie A Bartholemew, of Millheim; Mary A Gorman, of Snow Shoe; Gertie H. Swabb, of Linden Hall; Gurney Hosterman, of Aaronsburg, and Joel W. Tressler, of Nittany Hall.

—Mr. Ed. Shrom was showing two visiting firemen from Altoona the attractions of the town Tuesday morning. We believe that their names were Messrs. Fasig and Kenny, members of the fire companies in that city. They attended the Logan ball on Monday evening and were well pleased with it.

—White vests have not yet made their *debut* for the season.

Personal Pencilings.

Berney McClain has been spending several days in Bellefonte.

Dr. C. S. Musser, of Aaronsburg, has arrived home from Europe.

Mr. W. A. Tobias came up from Millheim Monday to look at court.

Ex-Gov. A. G. Curtin is at home and is greeting his numerous friends.

Theo. A. Boak, of Snow Shoe, was in Bellefonte on business last Friday.

Mr. John B. Gobeen, of Pennsylvania Furnace, spent Friday in Bellefonte.

Irv. Hagerman officiated as court reporter during the early part of last week.

Ex-Commissioner H. C. Campbell was present at the concert on Tuesday evening.

L. T. Eddy, of Milesburg, was one o the audience at the concert Tuesday evening.

Mr. John C. Peters, of Unionville, spent a few hours in town Saturday morning.

Mrs. Arthur Pearson and daughter went to Lock Haven Tuesday morning to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Newson, of Howard, spent Monday in Bellefonte, departing next morning.

Mrs. A. B. Weaver, of Clearfield, is delighting Bellefonte friends with her presence among them.

The Misses Blanchard, daughters of Evan Blanchard, Esq., who have been attending school near Baltimore, are at home.

Miss Meek, the charming daughter of P. Gray Meek, Esq., has returned home from the school she has been attending in New Jersey.

Miss Mary Waddle, one of Lock Haven's charming and accomplished daughters, was in Bellefonte from Friday until Monday.

Ira N. McCloskey, a highly educated and very successful school teacher from Eagleville, is serving his country in court this week as a juror.

Dr. E. S. Dorworth was taking physical recreation last Saturday in sodding his yard. Such employment is equal to a visit to the seaside anytime and not quite so expensive.

Representative A. G. Curtin and Judge A. O. Furst listened to the music Tuesday evening and the latter applanded about as loudly as he was able. With his hands, of course.

Mrs. Chambers, wife of Ed. Chambers, Esq., with her infant son, have arrived home, and Papa Chambers looks immensely pleased again. He has been quite lonely for a long time.

Bellefonte was favored on Monday with the presence of Misses Carrie Quigley, Cora Snyder and Annie Clark, three of the fairest of the fair young ladies of Eagleville. They indulged in lawn tennis while here.

Mr. Jacob Hinkleman, an employe of the glass works, who went to New York State two weeks ago to make one of the young ladies of that State very happy by marriage, returned on Monday with his bride. They are boarding temporarily at Mr. DeWitt's house.

Mr. W. F. Reber, the accomplished stenographer, departed on Wednesday in company with Ex-Gov. Curtin for St. Louis and will act as secretary for the Labor Committee of Congress while there. There is no better stenographer in the country than Mr. Reber.

Miss Fannie Bell, of Altoona, is a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Aikens. Their home was made even more lively Tuesday evening by the presence of several of the lady vocalists from Birmingham Seminary, including their daughter, Miss Lily Aikens, and Misses Tracy and E. and D. Guy.

—Those salutes given by the military company in the diamond, Friday evening, were in honor of Quartermaster McMillen. After they were given he invited the boys in and refreshed them with lemonade—pure, undiluted, uncolored lemonade made of cold water and pure juice of the lemon. Of course, the Quartermaster of the Fifth regiment felt highly honored by the courtesies tendered him by his military brethren.

—Wouldn't it be a good idea for some of the amusement-loving people in Bellefonte to engage the Williamsport Mikado Company to give an entertainment here? They are visiting several of the surrounding cities and towns.

—Superintendent A. H. Gorten, of the Pine Creek railroad, died suddenly Tuesday morning about 6:30 o'clock at Corning. It is supposed that apoplexy was the cause of his sudden death.

—That school board meeting announced for Monday night was not held. The meeting has been postponed indefinitely.

—The rain has made vegetation look fine.

MARRIED.

BATEY—WILLIAMS.—On Thursday evening, April 22, 1886, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jones, in this place, by Rev. Chas T. Steck, Mr. Henry Batey, of Magee's Mills, Clearfield county, and Miss Belle Williams.

DIED

MILLER.—At Madisonburg, April 9, Cecelia Miller, wife of Elias Miller, aged 69 years, 3 months and 25 days.

SHRADE.—On the 4th instant, in the eastern end of Miles township, Mrs. Christopher Shade, aged 55 years.